COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT



FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 1999



Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 1999

Report prepared and submitted by the Finance and Administration Department

Janet S. Hawn
Director of Finance and Administration

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

Fiscal year ended December 31, 1999

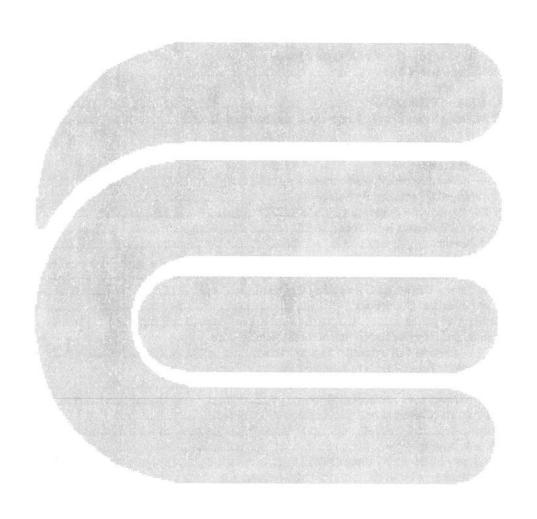
Table of Contents

		<u>Page</u>
Part I – Introductory Section:		
Letter of Transmittal		1-8
Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting		9
City Officials		10
Organizational Chart		11
Part II – Financial Section:		
Independent Auditors' Report		12
General Purpose Financial Statements:		
Combined Balance Sheet - All Fund Types, Account Groups,		
and Discretely Presented Component Unit		13-14
Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes		
in Fund Balances - All Governmental Fund Types and Similar		
Expendable Trust Fund		15-16
Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and		
Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual –		
All Governmental Fund Types		17-18
Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Equity –		1, 10
Discretely Presented Component Unit		19
Statement of Cash Flows - Discretely Presented Component Unit		20
Notes to General Purpose Financial Statements		21-33
	Schedule	21 33
Supplementary Data:		
Governmental Fund Types:		
General Fund – Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures –		
Budget and Actual	1	35-37
Special Revenue Funds:	_	
Combining Balance Sheet	2	39
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes	_	
in Fund Balances	3	40
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes	-	
in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual	4	41
Debt Service Funds:	•	
Combining Balance Sheet	5	43
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes	-	
in Fund Balances	6	44
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes	Ü	• •
in Fund Balances (Deficit) – Budget and Actual	7	45-46
Capital Projects Funds:	,	15 10
Combining Balance Sheet	8	48
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes	•	,0
in Fund Balances (Deficit)	9	49
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes		47
in Fund Balances (Deficit) – Budget and Actual	10	50-51

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report, Continued

Table of Contents

	Schedule	Page
Part II – Financial Section, Continued:		
Supplementary Data, Continued:		
Fiduciary Fund Types – Trust and Agency Funds:		
Combining Balance Sheet	11	53
Agency Funds:		
Combining Balance Sheet	12	54
Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities	13	55
Sometime of the second of the	13	55
	<u>Table</u>	
Part III – Statistical Section:	20010	
General Governmental Expenditures By Function	1	56
General Governmental Revenues By Source	2	57
Municipal Tax Revenue By Source	3	58
Intergovernmental Revenues By Source	4	59
Licenses and Permits	5	60
Charges for Services	6	61
Assessed and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property	7	62
Property Tax Rates – Direct and Overlapping Governments	8	63
Property Tax Levies and Collections	9	64
Legal Debt Margin	10	65
Ratio of Annual Debt Service Expenditures for General Bonded		-
Debt to Total General Governmental Expenditures	11	66
Ratio of Net General Bonded Debt to Assessed Value and Net		
Bonded Debt Per Capita	12	67
Computation of Direct and Overlapping Debt	13	68
Building Permits and Construction	14	69
Bank Deposits	15	70
Schedule of Insurance in Force	16	71
Salaries and Surety Bonds of Principal Officials	17	72
Miscellaneous Statistical Data	18	73-74



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Introductory Section



June 15, 2000

To the Honorable Mayor, Members of the City Council, and Citizens of the City of Chesterfield:

The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report of the City of Chesterfield, Missouri, for the fiscal year ended December 31, 1999, is hereby submitted. Responsibility for both the accuracy of the data, and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with the City. To the best of our knowledge and belief, the enclosed data are accurate in all material respects and are reported in a manner designed to present fairly the financial position and results of operations of the various funds and account groups of the City. All disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain an understanding of the City's financial activities have been included.

The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report is presented in three sections: introductory, financial, and statistical. The introductory section includes this transmittal letter, a list of City officials, and the City's organizational chart. The financial section includes the general purpose financial statements and the combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules, as well as our independent auditors' report on the general purpose financial statements. The statistical section includes selected financial and demographic information, generally presented on a multiyear basis.

This report includes all funds, account groups, and component units which make up the City's financial reporting entity as defined by Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 14 (GASB 14) and discussed more fully in note 1 to the general purpose financial statements. Chesterfield Community Development Corporation (CCDC), an Industrial Development Authority, is considered a component unit of the City and its financial data have been presented in the general purpose financial statements of the City in the separate discretely presented component unit column. The members of the CCDC's governing board are appointed by the Mayor of the City and the City has been providing significant subsidies to finance the operations of the CCDC.

The City of Chesterfield, Missouri, provides a full range of municipal services. These services include legislative, administrative, police services, judicial, planning, public works, and parks and recreation. The Chesterfield Fire Protection District is a separate legal entity which does not meet the established criteria for inclusion in the reporting entity and, accordingly, is excluded from this report.

GOVERNMENTAL STRUCTURE, LOCAL ECONOMIC CONDITION, AND OUTLOOK

The City of Chesterfield, Missouri, is located on the western edge of St. Louis County. The City was incorporated under Missouri law as a third class City on June 1, 1988 and has operated under a mayor/council/administrator form of government since then. According to the 1990 census figures, the City has a population of 42,325 residents.

The City of Chesterfield, Missouri, is considered by many to be one of the fastest growing cities in the Midwest. The City already has a thriving business community and is currently in the process of establishing a business district convenient to both the City of St. Louis and St. Charles County. Continuing improvements of I-64/Highway 40 assure the City greater opportunity for growth, enhancing its accessibility to downtown St. Louis. Last year, Chesterfield Valley received approval for an \$8.5 million lane capacity upgrade to I-64/Highway 40. The national and international headquarters and regional offices of corporations such as McDonald's Corporation, Merrill Lynch, and Mallinckrodt Specialties Chemical

Company are located in the City of Chesterfield, Missouri. In addition, Monsanto has a \$150 million Life Sciences Research Center which occupies approximately 900,000 square feet, or 210 acres, within the City.

The City of Chesterfield, Missouri, also has a strong retail base with Chesterfield Mall, which is one of the largest suburban shopping centers in the metropolitan St. Louis area, and a diversity of shops and restaurants in neighboring shopping centers. Chesterfield Mall now has over 1.9 million square feet of enclosed suburban shopping space, including four anchor stores (Dillard's, Famous Barr, Sears, and JC Penney's), 30 restaurants, a cinema, and more than 145 boutiques, shops, stores, and services.

The City's western corridor, referred to as Chesterfield Valley, has expanded dramatically over the last several years, with retail, light industrial and office/warehouse facilities. Chesterfield Valley has made a dramatic comeback from the flood of 1993. The Monarch-Chesterfield levee, which protects Chesterfield Valley, has been restored to its original 100-year level of protection. We are working with the Monarch-Chesterfield Levee District on a 500-year levee which should be completed during 2002. The 500-year levee will further protect the Valley from flood waters and allow increased economic growth and development to continue to flourish. The City Council has designated Chesterfield Valley as a tax increment financing district. Two large commercial projects, Chesterfield Commons (1,000,000 square feet of retail) and Chesterfield Grove (186,000 square feet of mixed use), should both be completed during 2000.

Based on current projections, continued development of the entire City is inevitable. The growth in assessed valuation of the City bears out this fact. The City's assessed valuation of \$1,047,070,392 as of January 1, 1999 represents an increase of 9.3% from \$957,731,212 as of January 1, 1998, and an increase of 124.9% from \$465,549,049 as of January 1, 1988.

MAJOR INITIATIVES

For the year. The City's staff, following the specific directives of the Mayor and City Council, have been involved in a variety of projects throughout the year. These projects reflect the City's commitment to excellence.

During 1999, the City made great strides in the development of parks throughout the City. In November 1994, the voters approved an \$11 million bond issue to buy land and construct parks throughout the City. The bonds were issued in January 1995. The City advance refunded the 1995 Series General Obligation Bonds in 1998 in order to take advantage of a significant drop in interest rates. This refunding reduced total debt service payments by approximately \$760,000, with a present value savings of approximately \$282,000. During 1999, the City completed the first phase of a master development plan for the acquisition and construction of the proposed park sites, including the opening of the athletic complex. These efforts will greatly enhance the City's goal of creating a city of choice in the St. Louis region within which to live, work, play, and visit.

The City spent \$8,589,291 on major capital improvements to infrastructure, including street reconstruction, storm and sanitary sewer reconstruction, sidewalk reconstruction, and highway beautification. During 1999, the Department of Public Works continued to compliment its in-house operations with private contractors. This resulted in the reconstruction of over 16.5 miles of concrete streets, various asphalt overlays, and application of slurry seals. A total of 63,500 lineal feet of sidewalks were reconstructed due to this joint effort. Most of these improvements were funded by a general obligation bond issue for streets and sidewalks citywide and a one-half cent capital improvement sales tax to pay for the bonds, which was approved by the voters of Chesterfield (Propositions R&S) in November 1996 amounting to \$29,355,000. That work began in 1997 with the issuance of \$14,230,000 of the general obligation. The balance of the bonds (\$15,125,000) were issued in 1999 and the entire project should be completed in 2001, one year ahead of our original schedule.

Also in 1999, City staff prepared its fifth five-year budget. This document demonstrates the City's commitment to excellence in planning for a fiscally strong future.

Finally, in 1999, the City added staff to enhance its ability to deliver services to its residents. Two sergeants and three police officers were added to increase the number of commissioned officers to 82. The City also added a crime analyst in the Police Department and executive secretary/planning assistant in the Planning Department. The Public Works Department added one GIS specialist in its administrative/engineering division, one maintenance worker and a secretary in the maintenance division, and a part-time intern in the parks division.

For the future. Plans for the future include even more increases in City services as the municipality continues to become more established. The 2000 City budget foresees a restructuring of the finance division of the Finance and Administration Department with the new positions of accountant, pay and benefits administrator and the elimination of the senior accounting clerk. Also, in the Finance and Administration Department, the addition of webmaster is added in the information systems division, as well as a court assistant in the municipal court division. In addition, a maintenance worker is added in the parks division of the Public Works Department.

Department Focus

The Department of Planning is responsible for coordinating all planning-related activity for the City of Chesterfield. The Department coordinates this activity with the City Council and three citizen committees. These committees are the Planning Commission, Architectural Review Board and the Board of Adjustment. The Planning Department is involved in specific activities, including current planning, comprehensive planning, special projects and zoning enforcement.

Current Planning is the process where development is reviewed for conformance with the City of Chesterfield's Comprehensive Plan, ordinances and guidelines. Development review can be divided into two types, items that require public hearings (such as rezonings, conditional use permits and ordinance amendments) and items that do not require public hearings (such as site development plans and record plats).

In 1999, the City of Chesterfield had a record number requests for items that required public hearings, at 46 requests. In addition, the Planning Department reviewed 29 site plans, 51 site development plans, 18 record plats, 3 boundary adjustment plats, 5 vacation of easements, two vacations of right of way, 27 landscape plans and 29 architectural elevations during 1999.

In the area of comprehensive planning, St. Louis County developed and approved the first plans for Chesterfield Village in 1965. These plans included much of the area around the Chesterfield Parkway. In 1990, two years after the City's incorporation, the City of Chesterfield adopted a comprehensive plan. The purpose of the plan was to provide a flexible guide for the future growth and development of the new community.

The City received several requests for large developments in 1999. Major concerns were expressed regarding what was approved in 1965 and the impact development would have on the community's transportation system both today and in the future. To address this concern, the City Council appropriated funding for the development of a Comprehensive Regional Transportation Study. Working in concert with the Department of Public Works, the Department of Planning is overseeing the development of the study that will computerize information on existing development, proposed but not as yet constructed development and future development based on the comprehensive plan. Once completed, the computerized model will provide the City with a guide for use in addressing immediate traffic problems, problems in the near future and problems in 10 to 15 years.

The largest special project the Department of Planning worked on in 1999 is the 2000 Census. It was the Department's responsibility to work with Census Bureau in assuring information that would be used in the 2000 census was correct. This included the review of maps to be used by enumerators and to provide information on "special places," those areas with group living arrangements, located within the City of Chesterfield.

An on-going special project coordinated through the Department of Planning during 1999 was the implementation of the Tree Preservation Ordinance. Since its adoption in 1997, approximately 64 tree studies have been required. These studies require developers to provide the City with information on existing woodlands, proposals for the preservation of a minimum of thirty percent of the woodland in the development and methods for protecting the trees during construction.

In the area of zoning enforcement, the Planning Department has significant contact with citizens and builders. Zoning enforcement begins with the issuance of zoning approval for construction and ends with the citation of those who are in violation.

The City of Chesterfield contracts with St. Louis County for building inspection services. Approval from the Department of Planning is required in order to receive a permit from St. Louis County. After inspections are completed, St. Louis County forwards the actual permit to occupy the building to the Department of Planning. Before the permits are issued, the Department of Planning and Department of Public Works check to make sure that all City of Chesterfield issues are addressed. A total of 1,321 zoning approvals were issued by the Department in 1999, up 14% from the previous year.

To monitor the number of zoning approvals issued by the City versus the number of permits issued by St. Louis County, the Department of Planning receives monthly permit reports from the County. These reports also provide construction cost information. This information specifically relates to the construction dollars being invested in the community. Total construction dollars reported on building permits for 1999 was \$158,191,826, up 22.3% from 1998.

FINANCIAL INFORMATION

The City maintains its general accounting records on a modified accrual basis for all of its fund types and similar fiduciary (expendable trust and agency) funds and account groups.

Under the modified accrual basis, revenues are recognized when measurable and available, and expenditures are recognized when the related fund liability has been incurred. "Available" means collected within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. Municipal taxes and interest income are susceptible to accrual under the modified accrual basis of accounting. Licenses, permits, charges for services, fines, and fees and miscellaneous revenues are not susceptible to accrual and are recognized as revenues when received.

Management is responsible for establishing and maintaining an internal control structure designed to ensure that the assets of the City are protected from loss, theft, or misuse and to ensure that adequate accounting data are compiled to allow for the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. This internal control structure is designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that these objectives are met. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that: (1) the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived; and (2) the valuation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management.

Budgetary Controls

In addition, the City maintains budgetary controls. The objective of these budgetary controls is to ensure compliance with legal provisions embodied in the annual appropriated budget approved by the City Council of the City of Chesterfield, Missouri.

Annual budgets are prepared by the City Administrator for the general fund, the Chesterfield Valley Tax Increment Financing special revenue fund, the Capital Improvement Sales Tax Trust special revenue fund, all debt service funds, and all capital project funds, except the Government Center Construction capital projects fund. The legal level of budgetary control for the general fund is defined at the total budgeted appropriation amount by department within the general fund and for transfer amounts greater than \$5,000 within a department of the general fund. The legal level of budgetary control for all other fund types is defined at the total budgeted appropriation amount for each fund and for transfer amounts greater than \$5,000 within each fund. Open encumbrances lapse at year-end. However, encumbrances generally are reappropriated as part of the following year's budget. The City Council exercises control over budgeted expenditures throughout the fiscal year.

As demonstrated by the statements and schedules included in the financial section of this report, the City continues to meet its responsibility for sound financial management.

General Government Functions

General governmental revenues which include the general, special revenue, debt service, and capital projects funds totaled \$22,358,270 for the fiscal year ended December 31, 1999, which was the eleventh full year of operation for the City of Chesterfield, Missouri, since incorporation on June 1, 1988. During the period January 1, 1998 through December 31, 1998, revenues totaled \$22,192,727. The following schedule presents a summary of general government revenues for the fiscal year ended December 31, 1999 and the amount and percent of increases and decreases in relation to 1998 revenues:

				Dollar Increase (Decrease)	Percent of
Revenues	1999 Amount	Percent of Total	1998 Amount	From Prior Year	Increase (Decrease)
Property tax	\$ 2,949,830	13.2%	\$ 2,078,155	\$ 871,675	41.9%
Utility gross receipts tax	3,999,872	17.9%	3,868,894	130,978	3.4%
Sales/use tax	8,837,878	39.5%	10,127,653	(1,289,775)	-12.7%
Intergovernmental	3,380,950	15.1%	3,187,651	193,299	6.1%
Licenses and permits	769,220	3.5%	705,325	63,895	9.1%
Charges for services	389,133	1.7%	384,594	4,539	1.2%
Court fines and fees	690,546	3.1%	479,621	210,925	44.0%
Investment income	1,165,676	5.2%	1,223,161	(57,485)	-4.7%
Miscellaneous	175,165	0.8%	137,673	37,492	27.2%
	\$ 22,358,270	100.0%	\$ 22,192,727	\$ 165,543	.7%

The largest single source of revenue was the City's share of the 1% county-wide sales tax and the ½% capital improvement sales tax which accounted for \$8,837,878 or 39.5% of total revenue. The City recognized \$1,426,410 in local use tax in 1998 that had been previously held in deferred revenue pending the settlement of litigation. The second largest source of revenue is utility gross receipts tax, which accounted for \$3,999,872 or 17.9% of total revenue. The third largest source of revenue is intergovernmental revenues, which accounted for \$3,380,950 or 15.1% of total revenue. These three sources are expected to continue to provide a large percentage of City revenue in the future.

Property taxes have increased significantly due to a growth in assessed valuation. As noted earlier, the City's overall assessed valuation grew 9.3% from 1998 to 1999. The incremental growth in assessed valuation of the Chesterfield Valley TIF District rose \$10,902,270 (or 37.9%) from \$28,798,220 to \$39,700,490 due to the success the City has experienced in attracting new businesses to Chesterfield Valley.

Court fines and fees were higher in 1999 due to significantly more traffic tickets which were issued during 1999.

Interest revenues decreased in 1999 as bond proceeds were depleted.

Miscellaneous revenues, which make up less than 1% of the City's total revenues, increased during 1999 as a result of two factors. First, the City received a sizeable distribution from the St. Louis Area Insurance Trust (SLAIT), an insurance pool in which the City participates for workers' compensation and property and casualty coverage, because of the pool's success in controlling claims. Second, the City disposed of additional fixed assets through auction, resulting in substantially higher prices than in the previous year.

Expenditures for general governmental purposes totaled \$51,501,538 for the fiscal year ended December 31, 1999. During the period January 1, 1998 to December 31, 1998, total expenditures amounted to \$30,674,462. The following schedule presents a summary of general, special revenue, debt service, and capital projects fund expenditures for the fiscal year ended December 31, 1999 and the amount and percent of increases and decreases in relation to prior year amounts:

Expenditures	1999 Amount	Percent of Total	1998 Amount	Dollar Increase (Decrease) From Prior Year	Percent of Increase (Decrease)
Legislative	\$ 69,632	0.14%	\$ 70,507	(875)	-1.2%
Administrative	2,010,632	3.90%	1,949,709	60,923	3.1%
Police services	5,183,018	10.06%	4,800,224	382,794	8.0%
Judicial	169,123	0.33%	155,715	13,408	8.60
Planning and zoning	511,233	0.99%	395,984	115,249	29.1%
Public works	3,139,371	6.10%	2,885,030	254,341	8.8%
Parks and recreation	708,644	1.38%	534,487	174,157	32.6%
Capital outlay	36,150,760	70.19%	15,757,867	20,392,893	129.4%
Debt service	3,559,125	6.91%	4,124,939	(565,814)	-13.7%
	\$ 51,501,538	100.0%	\$ 30,674,462	20,827,076	67.9%

The single largest dollar increase in expenditures in actual dollars was in capital outlay. This reflects the construction of infrastructure for the Chesterfield Redevelopment Plan.

The second largest dollar increase in expenditures in actual dollars was in police (excluding capital expenditures) which is the largest area of operation for the city. This increase reflects increases in personnel funded through various grants.

The third largest dollar increase was in public works and reflects additional personnel, as well as programs, such as the snow removal reimbursement program for private subdivisions.

The decrease in debt service was due to the advance refunding of general obligation debt originally issued in 1995 and then later advance refunded in 1998. The advance refunding included a \$801,487 advance refunding escrow. Debt service includes the payment of principal and interest on general obligation debt issued by the City during 1997 and 1998 and certificates of participation issued in 1995, as well as notes issued to the Monarch-Chesterfield Levee District by the Chesterfield Valley TIF Fund. This debt has been used to finance major infrastructure improvements, such as streets and sidewalks, sewer improvements, and land for parks, the development of parks, and the construction of a Public Works Facility.

General Fund Balance

The fund balance of the general fund increased by 16% from \$8,422,758 as of December 31, 1998 to \$9,769,562 as of December 31, 1999. This fund balance provides the City with an operational reserve that is the equivalent of 69 working days of expenditures, or 19.0% of the total general governmental expenditures for the fiscal year ended December 31, 1999.

General Fixed Assets Account Group

The general fixed assets of the City have been acquired for general governmental purposes. The assets purchased are recorded as expenditures in the governmental fund types and are capitalized at cost in the general fixed assets account group. As of December 31, 1999, general fixed assets amounted to \$22,911,684. The City has elected not to capitalize roads, bridges, curbs and gutters, streets and sidewalks, drainage systems, and lighting systems since such assets are immovable and of value only to the City. The City does not record depreciation on its general fixed assets.

Debt Administration

At year-end, the City had four debt issues outstanding. These issues include \$9,775,000 in general obligation bonds for parks, \$2,575,000 in certificates of participation related to the City's capital lease obligation, \$11,505,000 in general obligation bonds for streets and sidewalks, and \$15,125,000 in general obligation bonds for parks were issued in 1995, but advance refunded in 1998. The certificates of participation were issued in 1995. The general obligation bonds for streets and sidewalks were issued in two series, part in 1997 and part in 1999. The City has upgraded its rating on the general obligation bond issue to Aa1 from Aa2 and to Aa2 from Aa3 on the certificates of participation from Moody's Investor Service.

The City also had four outstanding TIF notes to the Monarch-Chesterfield Levee District as of December 31, 1999, one for \$970,000, one for \$2,333,318, one for \$1,625,000, and one for \$250,000. The first TIF note was issued in 1996, the second note in 1998, and the last two notes in 1999. In addition, the City had a series of outstanding TIF notes for the Chesterfield Groves and Chesterfield Commons projects, amounting to \$1,626,000 and \$24,375,000, respectively. The Chesterfield Groves notes were issues in 1998, along with \$1,560,000 for Chesterfield Commons. Additional notes amounting to \$22,815,000 were issued in 1999 for the Chesterfield Commons project.

Cash Management

The City earned \$1,165,676 in investment income during fiscal year 1999. During the period January 1, 1998 through December 31, 1998, investment income totaled \$1,223,161. State statutes authorize Missouri local governments to invest in obligations of the United States Treasury and U.S. Government agency securities. Other deposits or investments require collateral to be pledged consisting of obligations of the United States Treasury or instruments guaranteed by the full faith and credit of the United States Government. The fair market value of the pledged securities must equal 100% of the deposits and investments. As of December 31, 1999, the City had all cash invested in a repurchase agreement which earns interest at an adjustable rate based on market conditions, or short-term U.S. Treasury and government agency securities with a weighted average interest rate of 5.33%.

Risk Management

The City is a member of a public entity risk pool comprised of various municipalities in St. Louis County. This pool covers workers' compensation and liability exposures (St. Louis Area Insurance Trust – SLAIT). The purpose of this pool is to share the cost of self-insurance with other similar cities. The Daniel & Henry Company provides claims administration for the trust.

OTHER INFORMATION

Independent Audit

City ordinances require an annual audit of the books, financial records, and transactions which comprise all of the funds and account groups of the City by an independent certified public accountant selected by the City Council. This ordinance has been complied with, and the independent auditors' report is included with this report.

Awards

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City for its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report issued for the fiscal year ended December 31, 1998. This was the tenth consecutive year the City has received this prestigious award, an impressive accomplishment for the City's tenth full year of operation.

In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, the City published an easily readable and efficiently organized Comprehensive Annual Financial Report. This report satisfied both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current Comprehensive Annual Financial Report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

In addition, the City of Chesterfield also received the Government Finance Officers Association's Award for Distinguished Budget Presentation for its annual budget for fiscal year 1999. This was the ninth consecutive year that the City received this award. In order to qualify for the Distinguished Budget Presentation Award, the City's budget document met the program criteria as a policy document, as an operations guide, as a financial plan, and as a communications device.

Acknowledgements

This report could not have been completed without the assistance of the entire administrative staff of the various departments of the City. We would like to especially acknowledge the dedicated services and help of the staff members in the Finance and Administration Department. The Finance and Administration staff were key components of maintaining the City's accounting systems, and their contribution was invaluable.

We would also like to thank our auditors, KPMG LLP, for their help in formulating this report. Our sincere gratitude is extended to you for your interest and support in planning and conducting the financial operations of the City in a responsible and progressive manner.

Respectfully submitted,

michael & ferry

Michael G. Herring City Administrator Janet S. Hawn

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Director of Finance and Administration

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

City of Chesterfield, Missouri

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 1998

A Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting is presented by the Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada to government units and public employee retirement systems whose comprehensive annual financial reports (CAFRs) achieve the highest standards in government accounting and financial reporting.



City Officials

MAYOR

Nancy Greenwood

COUNCIL MEMBERS

Ward 1:

Barry Flachsbart

Jane Durrell

Ward 2:

Barry Streeter

Ward 3:

Daniel Hurt

Mike Casey

Ward 4:

Linda Tilley

Mary K. Brown

CITY ADMINISTRATOR

Michael G. Herring

DIRECTOR OF FINANCE AND ADMINISTRATION

Janet S. Hawn

CITY CLERK

Marty DeMay

POLICE CHIEF

Ray Johnson

DIRECTOR OF PLANNING

Teresa Price

DIRECTOR OF PUBLIC WORKS

Michael O. Geisel

CITY ATTORNEY

Douglas R. Beach

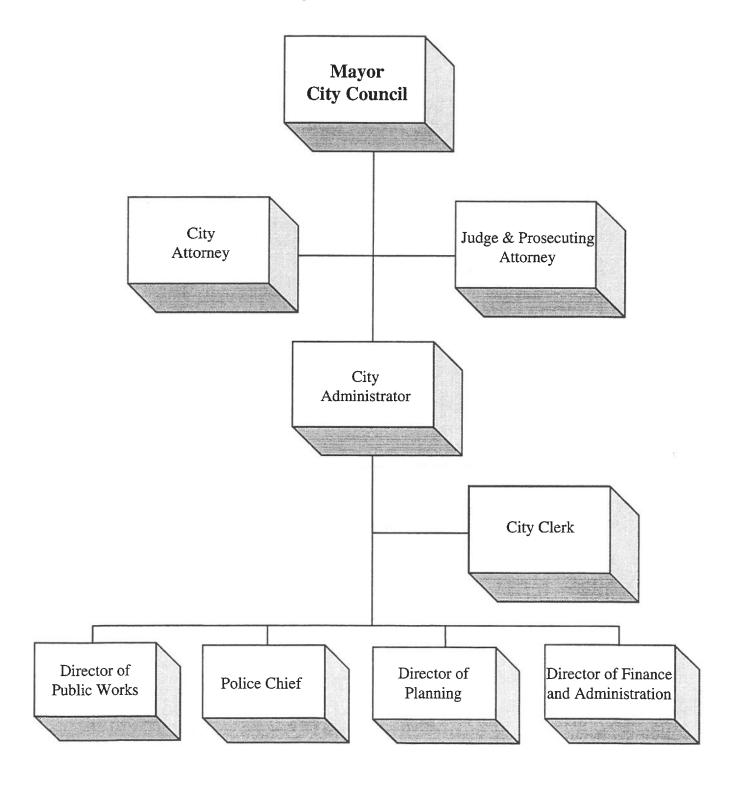
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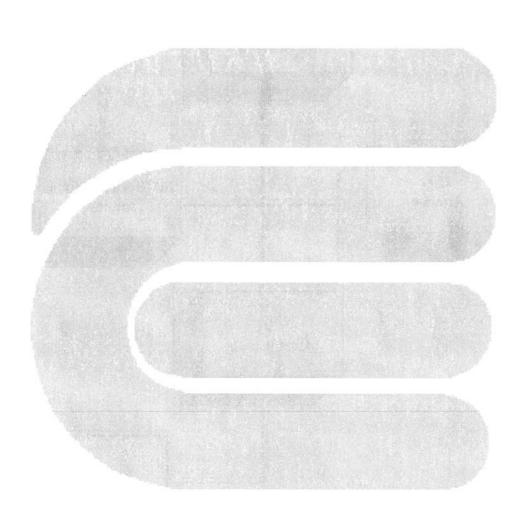
Richard K. Brunk

PROSECUTING ATTORNEY

Susan Hamra

Organizational Chart





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Financial Section



10 South Broadway Suite 900 St Louis, MO 63102-1761

Independent Auditors' Report

Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Chesterfield, Missouri:

We have audited the general purpose financial statements of the City of Chesterfield, Missouri, as of and for the year ended December 31, 1999 as listed in Part II of the accompanying table of contents. These general purpose financial statements are the responsibility of the management of the City of Chesterfield, Missouri. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these general purpose financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of the discretely presented component unit. Those financial statements were audited by other auditors, whose report thereon has been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the discretely presented component unit, is based solely on the report of the other auditors.

We conducted our audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the general purpose financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the general purpose financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit and the report of other auditors provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

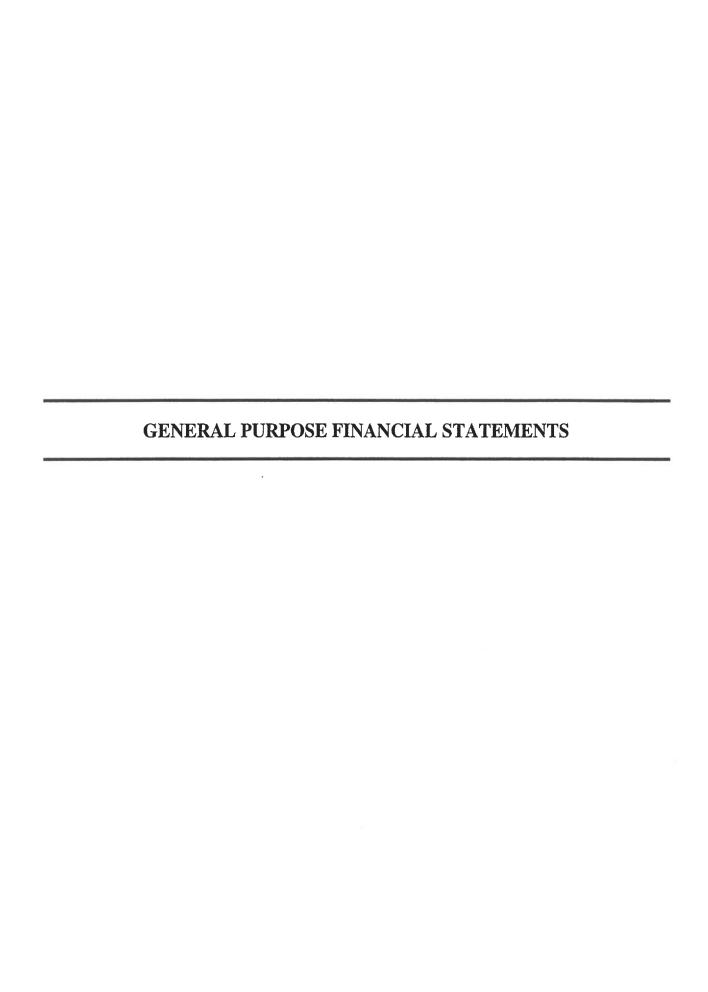
In our opinion, based upon our audit and the report of other auditors, the general purpose financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the City of Chesterfield, Missouri, as of December 31, 1999, and the results of its operations and cash flows of its discretely presented component unit for the year then ended, in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles.

Our audit was made for the purpose of forming an opinion on the general purpose financial statements taken as a whole. The supplementary data listed in Part II of the accompanying table of contents are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the general purpose financial statements of the City of Chesterfield, Missouri. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the general purpose financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the general purpose financial statements taken as a whole.

KPMG LLP

March 30, 2000





Combined Balance Sheet - All Fund Types, Account Groups, and Discretely Presented Component Unit

December 31, 1999 (with comparative totals for December 31, 1998)

	Governmental fund types				
			Special	Debt	Capital
Assets and Other Debits	-	General	revenue	service	projects
Cash and assh assistates	•	2 100 041	5.040.404	222 222	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	3,198,241	5,840,124	809,322	2,501,952
Investments		5,979,597		238,313	8,401,253
Receivables:					
Municipal taxes		810,242	2,101,867	823,175	_
Intergovernmental		771,611	_	-	-
Interest		77,039	-	7,026	80,898
Other		112,077	_	-	
Due from other funds		59,410	509,809	261	_
Prepaid assets		244,048	_	-	_
Property and equipment		_		_	_
Amount available in debt service funds		_	_	-	_
Amount to be provided for general obligation bonds payable		_	_	_	_
Amount to be provided for capital lease obligation payable		_	_	-	_
Amount to be provided for tax increment financing notes payable		_		_	
Total assets and other debits	\$	11,252,265	8,451,800	1,878,097	10,984,103
•	=				10,501,105
Liabilities, Fund Equity, and Other Credits					
Liabilities:					
Accounts payable		570,293	11,675	261	347,637
Accrued payroll		266,106	~	_	3,705
Accrued compensated absences		350,822	_	_	4,669
Deferred revenue		289,181	432,950	140,019	4,009
Due to other funds			195,817	262	365,855
Deposits held in escrow		6,301	-	202	303,633
General obligation bonds payable		0,501		_	_
Capital lease obligation payable		_	-	_	-
Tax increment financing notes payable		_	-	_	
Total liabilities	_	1 400 702		110.510	
	-	1,482,703	640,442	140,542	721,866
Fund equity and other credits:					
Investment in general fixed assets		_	-	_	_
Fund balances:					
Reserved for:					
Street improvements			~	-	
Prepaid assets		244,048	-	-	-
Police training		-	_	_	
Debt service		-	-	1,737,555	-
Capital projects		_	_	_	10,262,237
Unreserved:					
Designated for subsequent year expenditures		31,413	-	_	-
Undesignated		9,494,101	7,811,358		_
Equity - component unit		_		_	
Total fund equity		9,769,562	7,811,358	1,737,555	10,262,237
Total fund equity and other credits	50.03 m	9,769,562	7,811,358	1,737,555	10,262,237
Total liabilities, fund equity, and other credits	\$ _	11,252,265	8,451,800	1,878,097	10,984,103
* ***	=	, ,			10,50 1,100

Fiduciary		nt Groups	Total (memorandum	Discretely	Tota	
fund type –	General	General	only)	presented	(memorano	•
trust and	fixed	long-term	primary	component	reportin 1999	
agency	assets	debt	government	<u>unit</u>	1999	1998
1,430,038	-		13,779,677	109,564	13,889,241	9,083,487
-	~=	-	14,619,163	-	14,619,163	9,268,694
_	_	_	3,735,284	_	3,735,284	2,687,863
-	_	_	771,611	_	771,611	949,204
55	-	_	165,018	-	165,018	147,038
-	_	_	112,077	8,114	120,191	221,144
_	_		569,480	-	569,480	2,736,496
_	_		244,048	1,078	245,126	231,770
_	22,911,684	_	22,911,684	11,963	22,923,647	20,660,677
	_	1,737,555	1,737,555	_	1,737,555	1,338,790
_	_	34,932,089	34,932,089	~	34,932,089	22,053,337
-	_	2,310,356	2,310,356	_	2,310,356	2,412,873
		31,179,318	31,179,318	<u> </u>	31,179,318	6,589,318
1,430,093	22,911,684	70,159,318	127,067,360	130,719	127,198,079	78,380,691
6,882		_	936,748	108	936,856	1,056,423
0,002		_	269,811	100	269,811	236,722
_	_	_	355,491	2,333	357,824	308,848
_		_	862,150	2,333	862,150	515,588
- 7,546	_	_	569,480	_	569,480	2,736,496
1,325,108		_	1,331,409	-	1,331,409	1,092,958
1,525,100	_	36,405,000	36,405,000	_	36,405,000	23,125,000
_	_	2,575,000	2,575,000	163	2,575,163	2,681,945
		31,179,318	31,179,318	- 103	31,179,318	6,589,318
1,339,536		70,159,318	74,484,407	2,604	74,487,011	38,343,298
			7 1, 10 1, 10 7	2,001	7 1, 107,011	30,343,230
-	22,911,684	_	22,911,684	-	22,911,684	20,648,671
90,557		_	90,557	_	90,557	329,099
-		_	244,048		244,048	230,692
_	-	_	_	_	_	14,160
	_	-	1,737,555	-	1,737,555	1,338,790
-	-	-	10,262,237	-	10,262,237	4,045,403
-	_	_	31,413	_	31,413	11,622
	_	_	17,305,459	_	17,305,459	13,268,313
9	-	_		128,115	128,115	150,643
90,557	~		29,671,269	128,115	29,799,384	19,388,722
90,557	22,911,684	_	52,582,953	128,115	52,711,068	40,037,393
1,430,093	22,911,684	70,159,318	127,067,360	130,719	127,198,079	78,380,691

Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – All Governmental Fund Types and Similar Expendable Trust Fund

Year ended December 31, 1999 (with comparative totals for the year ended December 31, 1998)

		Governmental fund types			
			Special		
		General	revenue		
Revenues:					
Municipal taxes	\$	8,889,487	5,579,759		
Intergovernmental		3,377,137	3,813		
Licenses and permits		769,220	-		
Charges for services		389,133			
Court fines and fees		690,546	-		
Investment income		455,655	197,094		
Miscellaneous		175,165	_		
Total revenues		14,746,343	5,780,666		
Expenditures:	,				
Current:					
Legislative		69,632	_		
Administrative		2,010,632	-		
Police services		5,165,911	17,107		
Judicial		169,123	_		
Planning and zoning		511,233	_		
Public works		3,036,931	102,440		
Parks and recreation		708,644	~		
Capital outlay		1,053,667	25,131,593		
Debt service:		-,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	-0,101,035		
Principal			100,000		
Interest and other charges		_	186,898		
Cost of issuance		_	~		
Advance refunding escrow		_	_		
Total expenditures		12,725,773	25,538,038		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues		12,120,110	23,550,650		
over expenditures		2,020,570	(19,757,372)		
Other financing sources (uses):	-	2,020,570	(17,707,572)		
Operating transfers in		_	_		
Operating transfers out		(673,766)	(2,223,299)		
Proceeds of general obligation bonds		-	(<i>L</i> , <i>LL</i> , <i>L</i>))		
Proceeds of tax increment financing notes			24,690,000		
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent		_	_		
Total other financing sources (uses)	-	(673,766)	22,466,701		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and	-	(0,0,,,00)	22,400,701		
other financing sources over					
expenditures and other					
financing uses		1,346,804	2,709,329		
Fund balances:		1,5 10,007	かり・ロティンムブ		
Beginning of year		8,422,758	5,102,029		
End of year	\$ -	9,769,562	7,811,358		
3- / - 	Ψ =	7,107,302	7,011,330		

		Fiduciary		
		fund type	To	otal
Debt	Capital	expendable	(memoran	dum only)
service	projects	trust	1999	1998
1,318,334	whan	_	15,787,580	16,074,702
	_	_	3,380,950	3,187,651
_	_	****	769,220	705,325
_	Number	_	389,133	384,594
_	_	-	690,546	479,621
29,843	483,084	9,710	1,175,386	1,239,418
			175,165	137,673
1,348,177	483,084	9,710	22,367,980	22,208,984
_	-	-	69,632	70,507
	- g	87,403	2,098,035	1,949,709
_	-	-	5,183,018	4,800,224
		_	169,123	155,715
_	_	_	511,233	395,984
-	-	160,849	3,300,220	2,885,030
<i>-</i>		_	708,644	534,487
_	9,965,500		36,150,760	15,757,867
				4 = 0 = 000
1,950,000	-	-	2,050,000	1,795,000
1,262,252	_	_	1,449,150	1,528,452
~	59,975	_	59,975	-
	10.005.455	210.050		801,487
3,212,252	10,025,475	248,252	51,749,790	30,674,462
(1.064.075)	(0.542.201)	(229 542)	(20.201.010)	10 165 170
(1,864,075)	(9,542,391)	(238,542)	(29,381,810)	(8,465,478)
2,276,533	638,521	_	2,915,054	4,230,458
(13,693)	(4,296)	_	(2,915,054)	(4,230,458)
(15,075)	15,125,000	_	15,125,000	10,215,000
~~	-		24,690,000	4,186,000
	_	_		(10,162,285)
2,262,840	15,759,225		39,815,000	4,238,715
2,202,010	13,137,223		37,013,000	1,230,715
398,765	6,216,834	(238,542)	10,433,190	(4,226,763)
•		• • • •	•	,
1,338,790	4,045,403	329,099	19,238,079_	23,464,842
1,737,555	10,262,237	90,557	29,671,269	19,238,079

Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual – All Governmental Fund Types

Year ended December 31, 1999

			General fund			Special revenue fund	
				Variance -			Variance -
		Revised		favorable	Revised		favorable
		budget	Actual	(unfavorable)	budget	Actual	(unfavorable)
Revenues:							
Municipal taxes	\$	8,981,000	8,889,487	(01.512)	4 500 100		
Intergovernmental	Ą	3,247,409		(91,513)	4,733,100	5,431,058	697,958
Licenses and permits		702,750	3,377,137	129,728	-	-	-
Charges for services		318,500	769,220	66,470	-		-
Court fines and fees		540,000	389,133	70,633	-	-	-
Investment income			690,546	150,546		-	-
Miscellaneous		500,000	455,655	(44,345)	130,000	197,094	67,094
Total revenues		59,500	175,165	115,665			
Expenditures:		14,349,159	14,746,343	397,184	4,863,100	5,628,152	765,052
Legislative		#4.00¢		1-0-0-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-1			
		71,926	69,632	2,294	-	_	_
Administrative Police services		2,379,454	2,037,262	342,192		-	-
		5,544,300	5,443,847	100,453	-	-	-
Judicial		179,121	169,123	9,998		-	_
Planning and zoning		679,420	531,137	148,283	_	_	_
Public works		4,239,239	3,462,412	776,827	662,805	544,033	118,772
Parks and recreation		1,060,541	1,012,360	48,181	-	_	
Contingency		84,626	-	84,626	-	-	_
Debt service:							
Principal		_	_	***	150,000	100,000	50,000
Interest and other charges		-	_	-	645,394	186,898	458,496
Cost of issuance				-	10-11-11-11-11-11-11-11-11-11-11-11-11-1		~
Total expenditures		14,238,627	12,725,773	1,512,854	1,458,199	830,931	627,268
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				1			
over expenditures		110,532	2,020,570	1,910,038	3,404,901	4,797,221	1,392,320
Other financing sources (uses):							1,020,000
Operating transfers in		-	-	~-	-	_	_
Operating transfer out		(1,220,857)	(673,766)	547,091	(1,899,106)	(2,223,299)	(324,193)
Proceeds of general obligation bonds						(-,,>)	(524,155)
Total other financing sources (uses)	1.7	(1,220,857)	(673,766)	547,091	(1,899,106)	(2,223,299)	(324,193)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues	-					(2,220,27)	(324,193)
and other financing sources							
over expenditures and other							
financing uses		(1,110,325)	1,346,804	2,457,129	1,505,795	2,573,922	1,068,127
Fund balances:		/	-,, '	-, ,	1,000,770	4,313,744	1,008,127
Beginning of year		8,422,758	8,422,758	_	5,069,978	5,069,978	
End of year	\$ -	7,312,433	9,769,562	2,457,129	6,575,773	7,643,900	1.069.127
•		7	3,707,505	29731,129	0,013,113	7,043,900	1,068,127

	51.					,	Total	
	Debt service funds	Variance –		Capital projects fun-	Variance –	(1	nemorandum only)	Variance -
Revised		favorable	Revised		favorable	Revised		favorable
budget	Actual	(unfavorable)	budget	Actual	(unfavorable)	budget	Actual	(unfavorable)
Dudget	Actual	(untavorable)	buuget	Actual	(umavorable)	buuget	Actual	(umavorable)
1,265,000	1,318,334	53,334	_	-		14,979,100	15,638,879	659,779
-	-	-	_	-	-	3,247,409	3,377,137	129,728
-	-	-	-	_	-	702,750	769,220	66,470
-	-	_	_	_	-	318,500	389,133	70,633
-	-	-		-	-	540,000	690,546	150,546
20,250	29,843	9,593	500,000	483,084	(16,916)	1,150,250	1,165,676	15,426
	_		60,000	-	(60,000)	119,500	175,165	55,665
1,285,250	1,348,177	62,927	560,000	483,084	(76,916)	21,057,509	22,205,756	1,148,247
_	_			_	_	71,926	69,632	2,294
_	_	_	_	_	_	3,042,259	2,581,295	460,964
_	_	-	_	_	_	5,544,300	5,443,847	100,453
_	-	_	-	-	~	179,121	169,123	9,998
_	-	_	_	_	_	679,420	531,137	148,283
_	-	_	8,952,410	8,444,857	507,553	13,191,649	11,907,269	1,284,380
_	_	-	1,648,444	1,287,144	361,300	2,708,985	2,299,504	409,481
-	-	_	8			84,626	-	84,626
1,950,000	1,950,000	-	_	-	_	2,100,000	2,050,000	50,000
1,947,294	1,262,252	685,042				2,592,688	1,449,150	1,143,538
			50,000	59,975	(9,975)	50,000	59,975	(9,975)
3,897,294	3,212,252	685,042	10,650,854	9,791,976	858,878	30,244,974	26,560,932	3,684,042
(2,612,044)	(1,864,075)	747,969	(10,090,854)	(9,308,892)	781,962	(9,187,465)	(4,355,176)	4,832,289
2,139,695	2,276,533	136,838	980,268	638,521	(341,747)	3,119,963	2,915,054	(204,909)
	(13,693)	(13,693)	_	(4,296)	(4,296)	(3,119,963)	(2,915,054)	204,909
815,789	(15,000)	(815,789)	14,924,000	15,125,000	201,000	15,739,789	15,125,000	(614,789)
2,955,484	2,262,840	(692,644)	15,904,268	15,759,225	(145,043)	15,739,789	15,125,000	(614,789)
2,755,107	2,202,010	(052(011)	12,5 6 1,200	10,707,220	(110,010)	2017031103	20,120,000	(011,705)
242.440	200 745	55,325	5,813,414	6,450,333	636,919	6,552,324	10,769,824	4 217 500
343,440	398,765	33,343	3,813,414	0,400,333	030,319	0,332,324	10,709,824	4,217,500
1,338,790	1,338,790	7 <u></u>	4,045,403	4,045,403	_	18,876,929	18,876,929	
1,682,230	1,737,555	55,325	9,858,817	10,495,736	636,919	25,429,253	29,646,753	4,217,500

Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Equity – Discretely Presented Component Unit

For the year ended June 30, 1999 (with comparative totals for the year ended June 30, 1998)

		1999	1998
Operating revenues:			
Support	\$	224,888	231,902
Bond issuance fees		17,000	_
Other revenue		1,115	182
Total operating revenues	··•	243,003	232,084
Operating expenses:			
Program services		144,504	145,430
General and administrative		123,070	93,698
Depreciation		6,023	7,372
Total operating expenses	×-	273,597	246,500
Operating loss	•	(30,594)	(14,416)
Nonoperating revenues – interest income		8,066	9,236
Net loss	•	(22,528)	(5,180)
Fund equity:			
Beginning of year		150,643	155,823
End of year	\$	128,115	150,643

Statement of Cash Flows – Discretely Presented Component Unit

For the year ended June 30, 1999 (with comparative totals for the year ended June 30, 1998)

	1999	1998
Cash flows from operating activities:		
Operating loss	\$ (30,594)	(14,416)
Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net		
cash used in operating activities:		
Depreciation	6,023	7,372
Increase in receivables – other	(796)	(2,782)
Decrease in prepaid assets	_	902
Decrease in accounts payable	(353)	(3,727)
Decrease in accrued compensated absences	(4,587)	(674)
Decrease in deferred revenue		(38,016)
Net cash used in operating activities	(30,307)	(51,341)
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:		
Purchase of property and equipment	(5,980)	(3,172)
Payment of capital lease obligation	(1,782)	(1,504)
Net cash used in capital and related financing activities	(7,762)	(4,676)
Cash flows from investing activities – interest received	8,066	9,236
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	(30,003)	(46,781)
Cash and cash equivalents:		
Beginning of year	139,567_	186,348_
End of year	\$ 109,564	139,567

Notes to General Purpose Financial Statements

December 31, 1999

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The City of Chesterfield, Missouri (the City) was incorporated on June 1, 1988 and established a mayor/council/city administrator form of government. The City's major operations include: police protection, street maintenance and improvements, parks and recreation, general administrative services, legislative services, judicial services, and planning.

The accounting policies and financial reporting practices of the City conform to generally accepted accounting principles applicable to governmental entities. The following is a summary of the more significant policies:

(a) The Financial Reporting Entity

The City defines its financial reporting entity in accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 14, *The Financial Reporting Entity* (GASB 14). GASB 14 requirements for inclusion of component units are based primarily upon whether the City's governing body has any significant amount of financial accountability for potential component units. The City is financially accountable if it appoints a voting majority of a potential component unit's governing body and is able to impose its will on that potential component unit, or there is a potential for the potential component unit to provide specific financial benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on, the City. Based on these requirements, the City's general purpose financial statements include all funds, account groups, agencies, boards, commissions, and authorities for which the City is financially accountable.

The City's financial reporting entity consists of the City and its discretely presented component unit, the Chesterfield Community Development Corporation (CCDC). The members of the governing board of CCDC are appointed by the Mayor. Although the City cannot "impose its will" on CCDC, the City of Chesterfield provides a material subsidy to the CCDC primarily to finance the operations of the organization. Together, the City and CCDC form the reporting entity for financial reporting purposes. The accompanying financial data presented for the CCDC reflect the twelve months of activity through June 30, 1999.

Complete financial statements of the CCDC can be obtained from their administrative offices at 135 Chesterfield Industrial Boulevard, Chesterfield, Missouri 63005.

(b) Fund Accounting

The accounts of the City are organized on the basis of funds or account groups, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets and other debits, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures. The various funds are summarized by type in the general purpose financial statements. The following fund types and account groups are used by the City:

Governmental Fund Types

Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions of the City are financed. The acquisition, use, and balances of the City's expendable financial resources and related liabilities are accounted for through governmental funds. The measurement focus is upon determination of and changes in financial position. The following are the City's governmental fund types:

<u>General</u> – The general fund is the general operating fund of the City. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Notes to General Purpose Financial Statements

<u>Special Revenue</u> – Special revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than expendable trusts or major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

<u>Debt Service</u> – Debt service funds are used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, certain general long-term debt principal, interest, and related costs.

<u>Capital Projects</u> - Capital projects funds are used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital items.

Fiduciary Fund Types

Trust and agency funds are used to account for assets held by the City in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governmental units, or other funds. These include expendable trust and agency funds. Expendable trust funds are accounted for and reported in the same manner as governmental funds. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of the results of operations.

Account Groups

Account groups are used to establish accounting control and accountability. The City's account groups are as follows:

General Fixed Assets Account Group - This account group is used to account for all fixed assets of the City.

<u>General Long-Term Debt Account Group</u> – This account group is used to account for the unmatured principal of its general long-term debt.

Discretely Presented Component Unit

The Chesterfield Community Development Corporation (CCDC) is included as a discretely presented component unit of the City, and is accounted for similar to a proprietary fund type. Proprietary funds are used to account for activities that are similar to those found in the private sector. The measurement focus is on the determination of net income and capital maintenance. In reporting its financial activity CCDC applies all applicable Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements as well as the following pronouncements issued on or after November 30, 1989, unless these pronouncements conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements: Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Statements and Interpretations, Accounting Principles Board (APB) Opinions, and Accounting Research Bulletins (ARBs) of the Committee on Accounting Procedure.

(c) Basis of Accounting

The City maintains its records and presents the financial statements of its governmental fund types and fiduciary (expendable trust and agency) fund type on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recorded when susceptible to accrual, i.e., both measurable and available. Available means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred.

Licenses, permits, charges for services, fines and fees, and miscellaneous revenues (except investment income) are recorded as revenues when received in cash because they are generally not measurable until actually received. Investment income is recorded as earned since it is measurable and available. Utility gross receipts, sales taxes, and intergovernmental revenues (other than grants) received from other

Notes to General Purpose Financial Statements

governmental units are considered "measurable" when in the hands of intermediary collecting governments and recognized as revenue at that time. Property tax revenue is recognized to the extent it is collected within the current period or expected to be collected within 60 days following the end of the current period. Property taxes not collected within 60 days following the end of the current period are recorded as deferred revenue.

Intergovernmental grants are generally recognized as revenues to the extent expenditures are incurred under the terms and conditions of the grant agreements. Any excess or deficiency of grant monies received compared to expenditures incurred is recorded as deferred revenue or amounts receivable from the grantor.

Under the accrual basis of accounting, used by the discretely presented component unit, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when incurred.

(d) Budgetary Data

The City prepares and legally adopts an annual budget for the general fund, the Chesterfield Valley Tax Increment Financing special revenue fund, the Capital Improvement Sales Tax Trust special revenue fund, all debt service funds, and all capital projects funds except the Government Center Construction capital projects fund. Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. The Council follows the procedures outlined below in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the general purpose financial statements:

- 1. On or before November 1, the City Administrator submits to the City Council a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following January 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them. The legal level of budgetary control for the general fund is defined at the total budgeted appropriation amount by department within the general fund and for transfer amounts greater than \$5,000 within a department of the general fund. The legal level of budgetary control for all other fund types is defined at the total budgeted appropriation amount for each fund and for transfer amounts greater than \$5,000 within each fund.
- 2. Copies of the proposed budget are made available for public inspection in the office of the City Clerk for at least 10 days prior to passage of the budget. At least one public hearing is held on the budget by the City Council. Notice of the hearing is given by publication in a newspaper with general circulation in the City.
- 3. The budget is adopted by the City Council by the affirmative vote of a majority of the members of the City Council and approval by the Mayor on or before the last day preceding the budget year. If the budget has not been passed and approved by this time, then the budget and appropriations for the current fiscal year shall be deemed to be rebudgeted and reappropriated for the budget year until a new budget is adopted and approved.
- 4. All appropriations lapse at year-end.

Budget transfers during the year may be made as follows:

(a) Heads of departments may make transfers within a general fund department or within all other fund type budgets in an amount up to \$2,500 with the prior approval of the Director of Finance and Administration.

Notes to General Purpose Financial Statements

- (b) Heads of departments may make transfers within a general fund department or within all other fund type budgets in an amount from \$2,500 to \$5,000 with the prior approval of the Director of Finance and Administration and the City Administrator.
- (c) Transfers greater than \$5,000 within a general fund department or within all other fund type budgets require prior approval of the majority of the City Council.

Supplemental appropriations can be made with the majority vote of the City Council. The City Council made several supplemental appropriations during the year, which increased the total budget by \$2,921,017. The majority of the supplemental appropriations were the result of expenditures associated with park and other improvements.

(e) Encumbrances

Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditures of funds are recorded in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, is employed in the governmental fund types. Since appropriations lapse at year-end, outstanding encumbrances are reappropriated in the subsequent fiscal year's budget to provide for the liquidation of the prior commitments.

(f) Investments

Investments are recorded at fair value. Fair value of investments is based on quoted market prices.

(g) Property and Equipment

Property and equipment are recorded as expenditures in the governmental fund types and capitalized at historical cost in the general fixed assets account group. Contributed fixed assets are recorded at fair market value at the time received.

Certain improvements other than buildings, including roads, bridges, curbs and gutters, streets and sidewalks, drainage systems, and lighting systems, are not capitalized. Such assets normally are immovable and of value only to the City. Therefore, the purpose of stewardship for capital expenditures is satisfied without recording these assets. Depreciation is not provided on general fixed assets.

(h) Compensated Absences

The City grants vacation to all full-time employees based on years of continuous service and compensatory time is granted to all nonexempt employees for hours worked in excess of a normal work week which are not taken within the current biweekly pay period. These benefits are allowed to accumulate and to carry over, with limitation, into the next calendar year and will be paid to employees upon resignation, retirement, or death. Sick leave benefits do not vest and, accordingly, are recorded as expenditures when paid. The accrued benefit liability is recorded in the general fund since it is expected to be liquidated with available expendable resources.

(i) Interfund Transactions

From time to time the City has the following types of transactions among funds:

Reimbursements

Reimbursement of expenditures made by one fund for another are recorded as expenditures in the reimbursing fund and as a reduction of expenditures in the reimbursed fund.

Notes to General Purpose Financial Statements

Quasi-External Transactions

Charges or collections for services rendered by one fund for another are recognized as revenues of the recipient fund and expenditures or expenses of the disbursing fund. These transactions are recorded as quasi-external transactions because they would be treated as revenues and expenditures or expenses if they involved organizations external to the City.

Equity Transfers

Nonroutine or nonrecurring transfers between funds are reported as additions to or deductions from the fund equity balance.

Operating Transfers

All other interfund transfers are reported when incurred as "operating transfers in" by the recipient fund and as "operating transfers out" by the disbursing fund.

(i) Deferred Revenue

The City has received inspection fees in advance from various developers. These fees are recognized as revenue as the City performs the inspections of the developments. Also included in deferred revenue are property tax revenues, which are not collected within 60 days following the end of the current period.

(k) Reserved Fund Balances

Reserved fund balance represents the portion of fund balance that is not available for subsequent year appropriations or is legally segregated for a specific future use.

(1) Use of Estimates

The preparation of general purpose financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires the City to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at fiscal year-end and revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

(m) Total (Memorandum Only) Data

Total columns in the general purpose financial statements are captioned "Total (memorandum only)" to indicate that they are presented only to facilitate financial analysis. Data in these columns do not present financial position or results of operations, in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Such data is not comparable to a consolidation since interfund eliminations have not been made.

(n) Comparative Total Data

Comparative total data are presented for informational purposes only.

(o) Reclassifications

Certain 1998 data presented has been reclassified to conform with the 1999 presentation.

(2) Cash and Investments

State statutes authorize Missouri local governments to invest in obligations of the United States Treasury and United States government agencies, obligations of the State of Missouri, time certificates of deposit, and repurchase agreements. Deposits in financial institutions must be collateralized by securities pledged to the City by these same institutions.

At year-end, the carrying amount of the City's deposits was \$70,185 and the bank balance was \$266,815. Of the bank balance, \$100,403 was insured by the Federal Depository Insurance Corporation (FDIC) and

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Notes to General Purpose Financial Statements

\$166,412 was collateralized with securities held by the Federal Reserve in a joint custody account of the City and the pledging financial institution.

The City's investments are categorized below to give an indication of the level of custodial credit risk assumed at year-end. Category 1 includes investments that are insured or registered, or for which the securities are held by the City or its agent in the City's name. Category 2 includes uninsured and unregistered investments for which the securities are held by the counterparty's trust department or agent in the City's name. Category 3 includes uninsured and unregistered investments for which the securities are held by the broker or dealer, or by a counterparty's trust department or agent, but not in the City's name.

		Carrying		
	1	2	3	<u>value</u>
Investments:				
U.S. Treasury and agency				
securities	\$ 14,619,163	_	-	14,619,163
Repurchase agreements	13,690,328			13,690,328
Total investments	\$ <u>28,309,491</u>			28,309,491
Federated Automated Cash Reserve				
Pooled Account				19,164
Cash deposits				70,185
Total – primary government				\$ <u>28,398,840</u>

(3) General Fixed Assets

A summary of changes in property and equipment within the general fixed assets account group follows:

	Balance, January 1, <u>1999</u>	Addi- tions	Deduc- tions	Balance, December 31, 1999
Land	\$ 9,024,103	100,150	_	9,124,253
Building and improvements	7,957,214	1,536,776	_	9,493,990
Machinery and equipment	1,562,367	491,020	81,458	1,971,929
Automobiles and trucks	2,104,987	593,887	377,362	2,321,512
	\$ 20.648.671	2,721,833	<u>458,820</u>	22.911,684

A summary of changes in general fixed assets by function is as follows:

	Balance, January 1, <u>1999</u>	Ad <u>tio</u>		Trans	sfers	Dec tio		Dece	lance, mber 31, 1999
Legislative	\$ 10,940	_		_		_			10,940
Administrative	263,676	345	,712	17,2	240	6,4	128	62	20,200
Police services	773,437	285	,570	(32,4	119)	186,9	946	83	39,642
Planning	47,602	19	,904	3,4	176	13,3	329	4	57,653
Parks	13,791,562	1,617	,610	_		_		15,40	09,172
Public works	5,761,454	453	,037	11,7	703	252,	117	5,97	74,077
	\$ 20,648,671	2,721	,833			458,	320	22,91	11,684

Notes to General Purpose Financial Statements

A summary of general fixed assets by function is as follows:

	<u>Land</u>	Buildings and improvements	Machinery and equip- ment	Automo- biles and <u>trucks</u>	<u>Total</u>
Legislative	\$ _	~	_	10,940	10,940
Administrative	100,150	-	482,814	37,236	620,200
Police services	-	25,828	200,841	612,973	839,642
Planning	_	_	18,518	39,135	57,653
Parks	8,364,031	6,744,125	206,987	94,029	15,409,172
Public works	_660,072	2,724,037	1,062,769	1,527,199	5,974,077
	\$ 9,124,253	9,493,990	1,971,929	2.321,512	22,911,684

The source of all general fixed assets is as follows:

General fund	\$ 5,421,389
Capital projects funds	17,490,295
4	\$ 22,911,684

(4) Property Taxes

The City's property tax is levied each September based on the assessed value listed as of the prior January 1 for all real and personal property located in the City. Taxes are billed in November, due and collectible on December 31, and delinquent after December 31. Liens are placed on property for delinquent taxes on the January 1 following the due date. The City's tax rate was levied at \$.13 per \$100 of assessed valuation and is for retirement of general obligation bonds payable.

Taxes levied for 1999 are recorded as receivables, net of estimated uncollectible amounts; however, revenue recognition on all property tax receivables not collected within 60 days after year-end is deferred. The 1999 levy was due and collectible within the City's fiscal year ended December 31, 1999.

All property tax assessment, billing, and collection functions are handled by the St. Louis County government. Taxes collected are remitted to the City by the St. Louis County Collector (the County Collector) in the month subsequent to the actual collection date. Taxes held by the County Collector, if any, are included in taxes receivable in the accompanying general purpose financial statements.

(5) Risk Management

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters.

The City along with various other local governments, participates in an insurance trust for workers' compensation and for general liability matters (St. Louis Area Insurance Trust – SLAIT). The purpose of this trust is to distribute the cost of self-insurance over similar entities. The trust requires an annual premium payment from each entity to cover estimated claims payable and reserves for claims. The members of the trust have no legal interest in the assets, liabilities, or fund balances of the insurance trust; however, the City is contingently liable to fund its pro rata share of any deficit incurred by the trust should the trust cease operations at some future date. The trust has contracted with an insurance agent to handle all administrative matters, including processing of claims filed. The City's 1999 premium payments to the trust was \$322,954.

Notes to General Purpose Financial Statements

The City also purchases commercial insurance to cover risks related to property loss, public official liability, earthquakes, and employees blanket bonds. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded coverage in any of the past three years.

(6) Deferred Compensation Plan

The City offers its employees a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The plan, available to all City employees, permits them to defer a portion of their salary until future years. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death, or unforeseeable emergency. In accordance with the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 32, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans, the asset and liabilities of the deferred compensation plan are not included in the accompanying general purpose financial statements.

(7) Retirement Plan

In 1989, the City established a money purchase retirement plan (a defined contribution plan) funded through Manufacturers Life Insurance Company. All employees are eligible to participate in the plan after they have completed one year of service and attained the age of 18. Per City ordinance, the City contributes an amount equal to 8% of compensation of eligible participants. No contribution is required from employees. All employees vest 20% after three years of service and an additional 20% per year thereafter, making the employees fully vested after seven years of credited service. The City's contribution for 1999 was \$387,566 or 8% of covered payroll, less any forfeitures from terminated nonvested employees.

Total covered payroll for the year was \$5,308,289 or 82% of the total City payroll of \$6,453,497.

(8) Budgetary Control

For the year ended December 31, 1999, expenditures exceeded appropriations in the debt service – Public Works Facility – 1995 fund in the amount of \$28 as a result of actual expenditures exceeding preliminary budget estimates.

(9) Interfund Balance

Interfund receivable and payable balances as of December 31, 1999 are as follows:

]	Receivable fund	Payable <u>fund</u>
General	\$	59,410	_
Special revenue:			
Chesterfield Valley Tax Increment Financing		361,108	_
Chesterfield Commons		26,682	_
Chesterfield Groves		122,019	_
Capital Improvement Sales Tax Trust		_	195,817
Debt service:			
Public Work Facility – 1995		261	262
Capital projects:			
Park Construction		_	33,975
R & S Construction		_	98,381
Government Center Construction		_	233,499
Expendable Trust – Wilson Avenue		_	7,448
Agency - Bail Bond			98
	\$	<u>569,480</u>	<u>569,480</u>

Notes to General Purpose Financial Statements

(10) Obligations Under Operating Lease Agreements

The City leases equipment under certain operating lease agreements with terms in excess of one year. Annual aggregate lease payments remaining under the terms of the operating lease agreements as of December 31, 1999 are as follows:

2000	\$ 412,570
2001	8,195
2002	3,240
2003	3,240
2004	810
	\$ 428.055

Total rent expenditures of \$414,643 for the year ended December 31, 1999 are included as contractual services expenditures of the general fund.

(11) General Long-Term Debt

The following is a summary of the City's general long-term debt transactions for the year ended December 31, 1999:

	General obligation bonds payable	Capital lease obligation payable	Tax increment financing notes payable
Balance, January 1, 1999	\$ 23,125,000	2,680,000	6,589,318
New debt issued	15,125,000	-40-	24,690,000
Debt retired	(1,845,000)	(105,000)	_(100,000)
Balance, December 31, 1999	\$ 36,405,000	2,575,000	31.179.318

General Obligation Bonds Payable

In May 1999, the City issued \$15,125,000 in General Obligation Bonds, Series 1999 in order to finance capital expenditures within the City. The Series 1999 bonds bear interest ranging from 4.3% to 4.9% and are repaid through a debt service fund.

In May 1998, the City issued \$10,215,000 in General Obligation Refunding Bonds Series 1998, the proceeds of which were used to advance refund \$10,140,000 of outstanding Series 1995 General Obligation Bonds. The Series 1998 bonds bear interest ranging from 4.3% to 7.3% and are repaid through a debt service fund. The net proceeds of the Series 1998 bonds plus an additional \$801,487 of City monies were deposited in an irrevocable trust with an escrow agent to provide for all future debt service payments on the \$10,140,000 principal of the 1995 Series bonds. As a result, the 1995 Series bonds are considered to be defeased and the liability for these bonds has been removed from the general long-term debt account group. At December 31, 1999, \$9,805,000 of these defeased bonds are outstanding.

In February 1997, the City issued \$14,230,000 in General Obligation Bonds, Series 1997, the proceeds of which are to be used for the construction, repair and improvements to streets, curbing and sidewalks. The bonds bear interest ranging from 4.15% to 7.125% and are repaid through a debt service fund.

Notes to General Purpose Financial Statements

The annual principal and interest requirements to maturity of the general obligation bonds as of December 31, 1999 are as follows:

	General Obligation Bonds				
	Principal	Interest	<u>Total</u>		
2000	\$ 935,000	1,951,957	2,886,957		
2001	1,295,000	1,680,333	2,975,333		
2002	1,370,000	1,607,009	2,977,009		
2003	1,440,000	1,537,698	2,977,698		
2004	1,525,000	1,470,648	2,995,648		
2005 and thereafter	29,840,000	11,386,320	41,226,320		
	\$ 36,405,000	19,633,965	56,038,965		

Capital Lease Obligation

In August 1995, the City issued \$2,950,000 in Certificates of Participation which represent proportionate interests in base rentals to be paid by the City pursuant to an annually renewable lease/purchase agreement dated August 1, 1995 between the City and BNY Trust Company of Missouri (the trustee/lessor). The trustee has agreed to execute and deliver certificates pursuant to a declaration and indenture of trust to finance the City's acquisition and construction of a public works maintenance facility. The base rentals constitute rent for the facility pursuant to the lease. The certificates of participation bear interest ranging from 4.7% to 5.8% and are repaid through a transfer of general fund operating revenues to a debt service fund.

The annual principal and interest requirements to maturity of the capital lease obligation as of December 31, 1999 are as follows:

2000	\$	243,413
2001		248,478
2002		248,073
2003		247,433
2004		246,433
2005 and thereafter		2,716,115
Total future minimum lease payments		3,949,944
Less amount representing interest		1,374,944
Present value of net minimum lease payments	\$;	2,575,000

Tax Increment Financing Notes Payable

The City has issued Tax Increment Financing (TIF) Notes in cooperation with the Monarch-Chesterfield Levee District (Levee District) for the purpose of paying a portion of the redevelopment project costs in connection with the "Chesterfield Valley Tax Increment Financing District Redevelopment Plan (Redevelopment Plan)." The Levee District assumes ownership of the levee redevelopment project and the City's projects costs are intended to provide for the general health, safety, and welfare of that portion of the City affected by the Monarch-Chesterfield Levee. The TIF Notes are considered a special limited obligation of the City and have been issued to the Levee District. The City will make principal and interest payments on the TIF Notes to the Levee District based on incremental payments in lieu of taxes attributable to the project site.

Notes to General Purpose Financial Statements

The City has also issued TIF Notes in connection with the Redevelopment Plan for the purpose of paying a portion of the redevelopment costs of the Chesterfield Commons and Chesterfield Groves projects. The TIF notes are considered a special limited obligation of the City and have been issued to the developers of the Chesterfield Commons and Chesterfield Groves projects. The City will make principal and interest payments on the TIF notes to the developers based on incremental payments in lieu of taxes attributable to the project sites.

The composition of the City's TIF notes payable is as follows:

Levee District TIF notes payable:	Balance, January 1, 1999	Additions	<u>Deductions</u>	Balance, December 31, 1999
Series 1999, Tax Increment Revenue Notes, interest rate 5.68-6%, payable through August 15, 2017 Series 1998, Tax Increment Revenue Notes, interest rate	\$ _	1,875,000	-	1,875,000
5.68%, payable through February 15, 2017 Series 1996, Tax Increment Revenue Notes, interest rate 5.93%, payable through	1,000,000	-	30,000	970,000
February 15, 2016	2,403,318	-	70,000	2,333,318
Chesterfield Groves TIF notes payable:				
Series 1997, Tax Increment Revenue Notes, interest rate 7-8.75%, payable through October 17, 2017	1,626,000	-	-	1,626,000
Chesterfield Commons TIF notes payable:				
Series 1998, Tax Increment Revenue Notes, interest rate of prime less 1% adjusted quarterly, payable				
through October 17, 2017	 1,560,000 6,589,318	22,815,000 24,690,000	100,000	24,375,000 31,179,318

Since annual repayment amounts for the Levee District, Chesterfield Groves and Chesterfield Commons TIF notes will be determined based upon future revenues, a schedule of debt service requirements to maturity cannot be established.

(12) Individual Fund Deficits

At December 31, 1999, the capital projects – Government Center Construction fund accumulated fund deficit of \$233,499 is the result of the purchase of land and architectural costs for the construction of the new government center.

Notes to General Purpose Financial Statements

(13) Reconciliation of GAAP Basis to Budget Basis

Adjustments necessary to convert the results of operations and fund balances of the following fund types as of December 31, 1999 on the GAAP basis to the budget basis are as follows:

	Special Revenue	Capital Projects
Fund balances:		
GAAP basis	\$ 7,811,358	10,262,237
Unbudgeted funds	(167,458)	233,499
Budget basis	\$ <u>7.643.900</u>	10,495,736
Excess of revenues and other financing sources over expenditures and other financing uses:		
GAAP basis	\$ 2,709,329	6,216,834
Unbudgeted funds	(135,407)	233,499
Budget basis	\$ <u>2,573,922</u>	<u>6,450,333</u>

(14) Commitments and Contingencies

Various legal claims have arisen during the normal course of business which, in the opinion of management after discussion with legal counsel, will not result in any material liability to the City.

(15) <u>Discretely Presented Component Unit – Chesterfield Community Development Corporation</u>
The following notes relate only to the Chesterfield Community Development Corporation (CCDC):

(a) Organization

The CCDC was formed May 5, 1992 under the official name "Industrial Development Authority of the City of Chesterfield, Missouri". It is, however, registered to conduct business as the "Chesterfield Community Development Corporation". The CCDC is a qualified not-for-profit organization under Section 501(c)(6) of the Internal Revenue Code. The purpose of the CCDC is to promote and solicit industrial, economic, and community development activities within the City to provide balanced growth in the City. The CCDC may issue tax-exempt revenue bonds, notes, or other obligations on behalf of non-profit institutions and other organizations for the purpose of construction, improvement of facilities or the refinancing of outstanding debt. These bonds, notes, or other obligations and the interest thereon do not constitute a debt or liability of the CCDC or the City, but are special obligations between the investors and debtors payable solely from the repayments received by the Trustees under the loan agreements. Industrial development bonds totaling \$3,500,000 in 1999 were issued by the CCDC.

(b) Cash and Cash Equivalents

The bank balance of cash and cash equivalents at June 30, 1999 was covered by Federal Depository Insurance or collateralized with securities held by CCDC or its agent in CCDC's name. The CCDC is allowed to invest in obligations of the United States or obligations of financial institutions which are insured by governmental agencies.

(c) Property and Equipment

Property and equipment is carried at cost, less accumulated depreciation. Depreciation is provided over five to seven years using accelerated methods.

Notes to General Purpose Financial Statements

(d) Statement of Cash Flows

For the purpose of the statement of cash flows, the CCDC considers all highly liquid debt instruments (cash and certificates of deposit) purchased with a maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents.

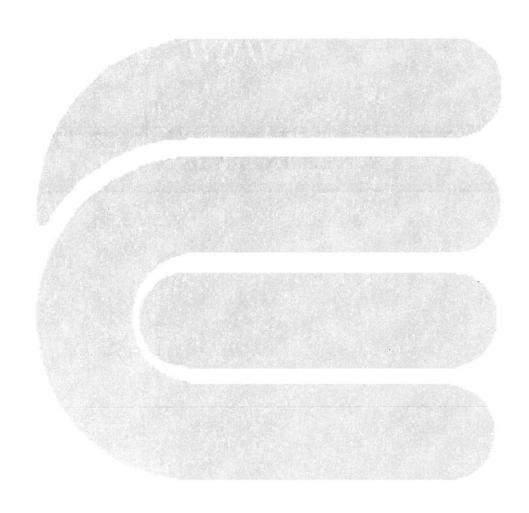
(e) Conduit Debt Obligations

Various forms of tax-exempt and taxable indebtedness issued by CCDC have been loaned to institutions which are required to make payments to the trustees sufficient to meet principal and interest requirements of the related obligation. The aggregate principal amount of outstanding revenue bonds at June 30, 1999 was \$43,416,445.

(16) Subsequent Event

On January 27, 2000, the City issued \$2,518,000 in TIF notes payable to the developer of the Chesterfield Commons project for work performed.





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General Fund

The general fund is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures – Budget and Actual – General Fund

Year ended December 31, 1999

				Variance –
		Revised		favorable
		budget	Actual	(unfavorable)
Revenues:	-			
Municipal taxes:				
Utility gross receipts	\$	3,936,000	3,907,154	(28,846)
Sales taxes		5,045,000	4,982,333	(62,667)
Total municipal taxes		8,981,000	8,889,487	(91,513)
Intergovernmental:				
Cigarette tax		191,000	186,783	(4,217)
Motor fuel and vehicle sales taxes		1,725,000	1,739,416	14,416
Road and bridge tax		1,001,000	1,064,557	63,557
Grants and other		330,409	386,381	55,972
Total intergovernmental		3,247,409	3,377,137	129,728
License and permits		702,750	769,220	66,470
Charges for services:				
Inspection and subdivision fees		90,000	120,847	30,847
Zoning applications		7,500	19,477	11,977
Police reports		17,000	19,864	2,864
False alarms		35,000	41,250	6,250
Other charges		169,000	187,695	18,695
Total charges for services	_	318,500	389,133	70,633
Court fines and fees		540,000	690,546	150,546
Investment income		500,000	455,655	(44,345)
Miscellaneous		59,500	175,165	115,665
Total revenues	-	14,349,159	14,746,343	397,184
Expenditures:				
Legislative – Mayor's office and				
City Council:				
Personal services		64,776	63,400	1,376
Contractual services		6,350	4,120	2,230
Commodities		800	2,112	(1,312)
Total legislative	-	71,926	69,632	2,294
Administrative:	\			
City Clerk:				
Personal services		140,907	119,516	21,391
Contractual services		36,935	30,564	6,371
Commodities		3,000	1,941	1,059
Legal services				•
Contractual services		207,825	231,582	(23,757)
City Administrator:		·	, -	(/· - · /
Personal services		150,324	157,330	(7,006)
Contractual services		6,475	7,410	(935)
Commodities		2,650	3,055	(405)
				(Continued)

Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures – Budget and Actual – General Fund, Continued

		Revised budget	Actual	Variance – favorable (unfavorable)
Expenditures, continued:				
Finance:				
Personal services	\$	250,182	206,375	43,807
Contractual services		113,118	90,847	22,271
Commodities		4,700	1,651	3,049
Capital outlay		4,000	3,200	800
Central services:				
Contractual services		1,029,499	895,096	134,403
Commodities		71,100	70,862	238
Capital outlay		4,000	4,000	_
Information systems:				
Personal services		144,166	145,031	(865)
Contractual services		185,558	46,775	138,783
Commodities		4,900	2,597	2,303
Capital outlay		20,115	19,430	685
Total administrative		2,379,454	2,037,262	342,192
Police services:				
Administration:				
Personal services		4,603,600	4,518,371	85,229
Contractual services		460,080	457,799	2,281
Commodities		194,329	189,741	4,588
Capital outlay		286,291	277,936	8,355
Total police services		5,544,300	5,443,847	100,453
Judicial – Municipal Court:				
Personal services		99,305	102,627	(3,322)
Contractual services		77,116	66,496	10,620
Commodities		200	_	200
Capital outlay	90.000	2,500		2,500
Total judicial		179,121	169,123	9,998
Planning and zoning:				
Personal services		448,299	395,183	53,116
Contractual services		200,936	107,528	93,408
Commodities		10,255	8,522	1,733
Capital outlay		19,930	19,904	26
Total planning and zoning		679,420	531,137	148,283

(Continued)

Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures – Budget and Actual – General Fund, Continued

		Revised budget	Actual	Variance – favorable (unfavorable)
Expenditures, continued:				
Public works:				
Administration and engineering:				
Personal services	\$	738,366	699,728	38,638
Contractual services		150,574	166,779	(16,205)
Commodities		44,969	33,915	11,054
Capital outlay		80,430	80,238	192
Street and sewer maintenance:				
Personal services		1,294,220	963,673	330,547
Contractual services		472,126	397,269	74,857
Commodities		575,094	484,927	90,167
Capital outlay		575,615	319,943	255,672
Vehicle maintenance:				,
Personal services		222,595	222,947	(352)
Contractual services		6,450	6,291	159
Commodities		45,447	58,214	(12,767)
Capital outlay		28,353	25,300	3,053
Street lighting – contractual services		5,000	3,188	1,812
Total public works	i de la companya de	4,239,239	3,462,412	776,827
Parks and recreation –				
Administration:				
Personal services		329,120	248,434	80,686
Contractual services		410,164	374,420	35,744
Commodities		106,736	85,790	20,946
Capital outlay		214,521	303,716	(89,195)
Total parks and recreation	S	1,060,541	1,012,360	48,181
Contingency		84,626	_	84,626
Total expenditures		14,238,627	12,725,773	1,512,854
Excess of revenues over			,,	
expenditures	\$	110,532	2,020,570	1,910,038

Special Revenue Funds

Special revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than expendable trusts or major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes. The following special revenue funds are maintained by the City:

<u>Chesterfield Valley Tax Increment Financing (TIF)</u> – This fund is used to account for special revenues received from the Chesterfield Valley TIF District which are required to be segregated into a special allocation fund and designated for use in the TIF district only.

<u>Chesterfield Commons</u> – This fund is used to account for special revenues received from the Chesterfield Commons Project which are required to be segregated into a special allocation fund and designated for use in this project only.

<u>Chesterfield Groves</u> – This fund is used to account for special revenues received from the Chesterfield Groves Project which are required to be segregated into a special allocation fund and designated for use in this project only.

<u>Police Forfeiture</u> – This fund is used to account for special revenues received which are specifically earmarked for future expenditures in the area of public safety.

<u>Capital Improvement Sales Tax Trust</u> – This fund is used to account for special revenues received from the capital improvement sales tax which are specifically earmarked for capital improvements.

Combining Balance Sheet - Special Revenue Funds

December 31, 1999

<u>Assets</u>	Chesterfield Valley Tax Increment Financing	Chesterfield Commons	Chesterfield Groves	Police Forfeiture	Capital Improvement Sales Tax Trust	Total
Cash and cash equivalents Receivables – municipal taxes Due from other funds Total assets	\$ 2,049,734 1,766,248 361,108 \$ 4,177,090	26,682 26,682	122,019 122,019	18,757	3,771,633 335,619 - 4,107,252	5,840,124 2,101,867 509,809 8,451,800
Liabilities and Fund Balances						
Liabilities:						
Accounts payable	11,675	-	_	-	_	11,675
Deferred revenue	432,950	_		_	-	432,950
Due to other funds					195,817	195,817
Total liabilities	444,625	_	_	_	195,817	640,442
Fund balances	3,732,465	26,682	122,019	18,757	3,911,435	7,811,358
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 4,177,090	26,682	122,019	18,757	4,107,252	8,451,800

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Special Revenue Funds

Year ended December 31, 1999

Revenues:	Chesterfield Valley Tax Increment Financing	Chesterfield Commons	Chesterfield Groves	Police Forfeiture	Capital Improvement Sales Tax Trust	Total
Municipal taxes:						
Property taxes	\$ 1.507.542	1.000	400.040			
Utility gross receipts	4 2,007,012	1,935	122,019	-	444	1,631,496
Sales taxes	92,718	-	-	_	_	92,718
Total municipal taxes	595,068	24,747	- 100.010		3,235,730	3,855,545
Intergovernmental	2,195,328	26,682	122,019	_	3,235,730	5,579,759
Investment income	-	_	_	3,813		3,813
Total revenues	74,574	-	-		122,520	197,094
Expenditures:	2,269,902	26,682	122,019_	3,813	3,358,250	5,780,666
Current:						
Police services						
Public works	102,440	_	-	17,107	•••	17,107
Capital outlay		22.915.000	-	-	-	102,440
Debt service:	2,316,593	22,815,000	_	-	-	25,131,593
Principal Principal	100,000					
Interest and other charges	,	-	_	-	-	100,000
Total expenditures	186,898	-				186,898
Excess (deficiency) of revenues	2,705,931	_22,815,000		17,107		25,538,038
over expenditures	(42(020)	(00.700.010)	100.010			
Other financing sources (uses):	(436,029)	(22,788,318)	122,019	(13,294)	3,358,250	(19,757,372)
Operating transfers out						
Proceeds of tax increment financing notes	1 875 000	20.015.000	_	_	(2,223,299)	(2,223,299)
Total other financing sources	1,875,000	_22,815,000				24,690,000
(uses)	1 075 000	00.015.000			T	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues	1,875,000	_22,815,000			(2,223,299)	22,466,701
and other financing sources						
over expenditures and other						
financing uses	1 420 071	24 402	100.040			
Fund balances:	1,438,971	26,682	122,019	(13,294)	1,134,951	2,709,329
Beginning of year	2 202 404			22.054		
End of year	\$\frac{2,293,494}{3,732,465}	26.692	122.010	32,051	2,776,484	5,102,029
ind of year	φ <u>3,732,403</u>	26,682	122,019	18,757	3,911,435	7,811,358

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual – Special Revenue Funds

Year ended December 31, 1999

	Chesterfield Valley Tax Increment Financing			Capital Improvement Sales Tax Trust			Total		
	Revised		Variance favorable	Revised		Variance – favorable	Revised		Variance – favorable
	budget	Actual	(unfavorable)	Budget	Actual	(unfavorable)	budget	Actual	(unfavorable)
Revenues:									
Municipal taxes:									
Property taxes \$	1,108,000	1,507,542	399,542	-	_	-	1,108,000	1,507,542	399,542
Utility gross receipts	72,100	92,718	20,618	-	_	_	72,100	92,718	20,618
Sales taxes	775,000	595,068	(179,932)	2,778,000	3,235,730	457,730	3,553,000	3,830,798	277,798
Total municipal taxes	1,955,100	2,195,328	240,228	2,778,000	3,235,730	457,730	4,733,100	5,431,058	697,958
Investment income	70,000	74,574	4,574	60,000	122,520	62,520	130,000	197,094	67,094
Total revenues	2,025,100	2,269,902	244,802	2,838,000	3,358,250	520,250	4,863,100	5,628,152	765,052
Expenditures:									705,052
Current - public works	662,805	544,033	118,772	_	_	_	662,805	544,033	118,772
Debt service:			•				002,002	5,055	110,712
Principal	150,000	100,000	50,000	-	_	_	150,000	100,000	50,000
Interest and other charges	645,394	186,898	458,496		_	-	645,394	186.898	458,496
Total expenditures	1,458,199	830,931	627,268	_	_		1,458,199	830,931	627,268
Excess of revenues							1,100,1277		021,200
over expenditures	566,901	1,438,971	872,070	2,838,000	3,358,250	520,250	3,404,901	4,797,221	1,392,320
Other financing uses -			,,-	-,,	-,,	177	5,101,001	7,171,221	1,092,020
operating transfers out			_	(1,899,106)	(2,223,299)	(324,193)	(1,899,106)	(2,223,299)	(324,193)
Excess of revenues over				(-1-221-1-)	(-,,)	1021,1207	(1,022,100)	(2,223,233)	(324,193)
expenditures and other									
financing uses	566,901	1.438.971	872,070	938,894	1,134,951	196,057	1,505,795	2.573.922	1,068,127
Fund balances:		, ,			-, 1,502	1,0,007	1,000,170	24.3322	1,000,127
Beginning of year	2,293,494	2,293,494	-	2,776,484	2,776,484		5,069,978	5,069,978	_
End of year \$	2,860,395	3,732,465	872,070	3,715,378	3,911,435	196,057	6,575,773	7,643,900	1,068,127

Debt Service Funds

Debt service funds are used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, certain general long-term debt principal, interest, and related costs. The following debt service funds are maintained by the City:

<u>1998 Parks</u> – This fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources and payment of general obligation principal and interest on the parks General Obligation Bond issue, Series 1998 which advance refunded the General Obligation Bond issue, Series 1995.

1995 Public Works Facility - This fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources and payment of principal and interest on the Public Works Facility Certificates of Participation, Series 1995.

1997 & 1999 R & S – This fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources and payment of principal and interest on the road and sidewalk General Obligation Bond issues, Series 1997 and Series 1999.

Government Center – This fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources and payment of principal and interest on Government Center Certificates of Participation, to be issued in fiscal year 2000.

Combining Balance Sheet - Debt Service Funds

December 31, 1999

<u>Assets</u>		Parks – 1998	Public Works Facility – 1995	R & S – 1997 & 1999	Total
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	783,792	19,567	5,963	809,322
Investments			238,313	-	238,313
Receivables:					
Municipal taxes		823,175	-	_	823,175
Interest		_	7,026	_	7,026
Due from other funds	_		261_	_	261
Total assets	\$ =	1,606,967	265,167	5,963	1,878,097
Liabilities and Fund Balances					
Liabilities:					
Accounts payable		_	261	-	261
Deferred revenue		140,019	_	-	140,019
Due to other funds	_		262_		262
Total liabilities		140,019	523	_	140,542
Fund balances – reserved for debt service	. –	1,466,948	264,644	5,963	1,737,555
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ =	1,606,967	265,167	5,963	1,878,097

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Debt Service Funds

Year ended December 31, 1999

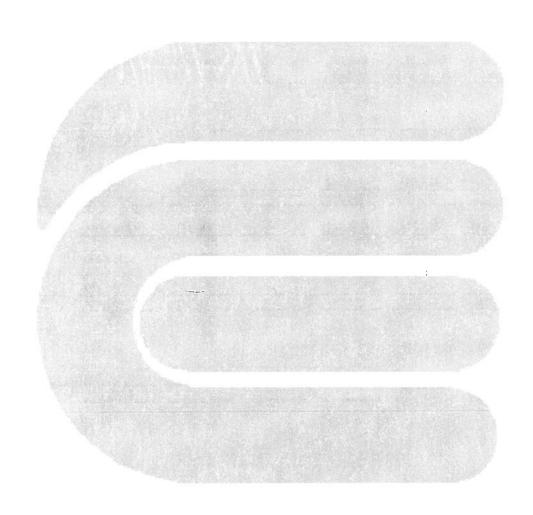
	- ·	Public Works		
	Parks -	Facility –	R & S -	
Revenues:	1998	1995	<u>1997 & 1999</u>	Total
Municipal taxes – property taxes	\$ 1,318,334	***	_	1,318,334
Investment income	18,310	11,533	-	29,843
Total revenues	1,336,644	11,533	_	1,348,177
Expenditures – debt service:				
Principal	440,000	105,000	1,405,000	1,950,000
Interest and other charges	501,645	144,376	616,231	1,262,252
Total expenditures	941,645	249,376	2,021,231	3,212,252
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over				0,21,2,202
expenditures	394,999	(237,843)	(2,021,231)	(1,864,075)
Other financing sources (uses):				
Operating transfers in	-	249,053	2,027,480	2,276,533
Operating transfers out	 _	(13,693)		(13,693)
Total other financing sources (uses)	_	235,360	2,027,480	2,262,840
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other				
financing sources over				
expenditures and other financing uses	394,999	(2,483)	6,249	398,765
Fund balances (deficit):			,	2 . 0,. 20
Beginning of year	1,071,949	267,127	(286)	1,338,790
End of year	\$ 1,466,948	264,644	5,963	1,737,555

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances (Deficit) – Budget and Actual – Debt Service Funds

Year ended December 31, 1999

	_	Parks – 1998			Public Works Facility – 1995			
				Variance -			Variance -	
		Revised		favorable	Revised		favorable	
	_	budget	Actual	(unfavorable)	budget	Actual	(unfavorable)	
Revenues:						0.		
Municipal taxes - property taxes	\$	1,265,000	1,318,334	53,334	_	_	-	
Investment income		20,000	18,310	(1,690)	250	11,533	11,283	
Total revenues		1,285,000	1,336,644	51,644	250	11,533	11,283	
Expenditures – debt service:		·						
Principal		440,000	440,000	_	105,000	105,000	_	
Interest and other charges	(S	501,810	501,645	165	144,348	144,376	(28)	
Total expenditures		941,810	941,645	165	249,348	249,376	(28)	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					1			
over expenditures	0.4-2-2	343,190	394,999	51,809	(249,098)	(237,843)	11,255	
Other financing sources (uses):		42						
Operating transfers in		-	_		249,348	249,053	(295)	
Operating transfers out		_		_	-	(13,693)	(13,693)	
Proceeds of general obligation bonds		_			-			
Total other financing sources (uses)		_			249,348	235,360	(13,988)	
Excess of revenues and other								
financing sources over								
expenditures and other financing uses		343,190	394,999	51,809	250	(2,483)	(2,733)	
Fund balances (deficit):						, ,	, ,	
Beginning of year		1,071,949	1,071,949	_	267,127	267,127	_	
End of year	\$_	1,415,139	1,466,948	51,809	267,377	264,644	(2,733)	

R	& S – 1997 & 19	999	G	overnment Cer	nter	Total		
Revised budget	Actual	Variance – favorable (unfavorable)	Revised budget	Actual	Variance – favorable (unfavorable)	Revised budget	Actual	Variance – favorable (unfavorable)
						1,265,000 20,250 1,285,250	1,318,334 29,843 1,348,177	53,334 9,593 62,927
1,405,000 1,044,895 2,449,895	1,405,000 616,231 2,021,231	428,664 428,664	256,241 256,241		256,241 256,241	1,950,000 1,947,294 3,897,294	1,950,000 1,262,252 3,212,252	685,042 685,042
(2,449,895)	(2,021,231)	428,664	(256,241)		256,241	(2,612,044)	(1,864,075)	747,969
1,634,106 - 815,789 2,449,895	2,027,480	393,374 - (815,789) (422,415)	256,241 - - 256,241	- - 	(256,241)	2,139,695 - 815,789 2,955,484	2,276,533 (13,693) - 2,262,840	136,838 (13,693) (815,789) (692,644)
-	6,249	6,249		-	-	343,440	398,765	55,325
(286)	(286) 5,963	6,249				1,338,790 1,682,230	1,338,790 1,737,555	55,325



Capital Projects Funds

Capital projects funds are used to account for financial resources to be used for acquisition or construction of major capital facilities. The following capital projects funds are maintained by the City:

<u>Capital Projects</u> – This fund is used to account for financial resources designated for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities or improvements.

<u>Levee/Drainage</u> – This fund is used to account for all major capital improvement projects involving stormwater and levee projects in Chesterfield Valley.

<u>Park Construction</u> – This fund is used to account for financial resources designated for the acquisition of land for parks and the construction of parks facilities.

 $\underline{R} \& \underline{S} \ \underline{Construction}$ — This fund is used to account for financial resources designated for road and sidewalk construction or improvements.

Government Center Construction - This fund is used to account for the financial resources designated for the acquisition of land and construction of the City's new government center.

Combining Balance Sheet - Capital Projects Funds

December 31, 1999

Assets	_	Capital Projects	Levee/ Drainage	Park Construction	R & S Construction	Government Center Construction	Total
Cash and cash equivalents Investments	\$	_	-	78,269 —	2,423,683 8,401,253		2,501,952 8,401,253
Interest receivable	_	_			80,898		80,898
Total assets	\$ =			78,269	10,905,834	_	10,984,103
Liabilities and Fund Balances (Deficit)							
Liabilities:							
Accounts payable		_	-	44,294	303,343	-	347,637
Accrued payroll		-	-	-	3,705	_	3,705
Accrued compensated absences		_	-	-	4,669	-	4,669
Due to other funds		_		33,975	98,381	233,499	365,855
Total liabilities		_	_	78,269	410,098	233,499	721,866
Fund balances (deficit) - reserved for capital projects	100				10,495,736	(233,499)	10,262,237
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ _			78,269	10,905,834		10,984,103

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances (Deficit) - Capital Projects Funds

Year ended December 31, 1999

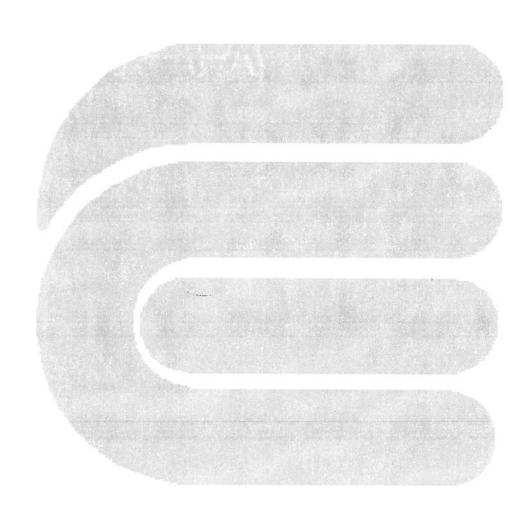
	Capital Projects	Levee/ Drainage	Park Construction	R & S Construction	Government Center Construction	Total
Revenues - investment income	\$	4,296	18,987	459,801		483,084
Total revenues	<u>_</u>	4,296	18,987	459,801		483,084
Expenditures:						
Capital outlay	634,225	-	1,287,144	7,810,632	233,499	9,965,500
Cost of issuance				59,975		59,975
Total expenditures	634,225	<u> </u>	1,287,144	7,870,607	233,499	10,025,475
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over expenditures	(634,225)	4,296	(1,268,157)	(7,410,806)	(233,499)	(9,542,391)
Other financing sources (uses):						
Operating transfers in	634,225	.	4,296	-	_	638,521
Operating transfers out	-	(4,296)	-	-	_	(4,296)
Proceeds of general obligation bonds				15,125,000		15,125,000
Total other financing sources (uses)	634,225	(4,296)	4,296	15,125,000		15,759,225
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing sources over expenditures and other financing uses	-		(1,263,861)	7,714,194	(233,499)	6,216,834
Fund balances (deficit):						
Beginning of year		~	1,263,861	2,781,542	_	4,045,403
End of year	\$			10,495,736	(233,499)	10,262,237

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances (Deficit) - Budget and Actual -Capital Projects Fund

Year ended December 31, 1999

		Capital Projects			Levee/Drainage		
		Revised budget	Actual	Variance – favorable (unfavorable)	Revised budget	Actual	Variance – favorable (unfavorable)
Revenues:							-
Investment income	\$	-	_	_	-	4,296	4,296
Miscellaneous	8			_	_	_	
Total revenues		_				4,296	4,296
Expenditures:							
Public works		980,268	634,225	346,043	_		_
Parks and recreation		_	_	_	-	_	_
Cost of issuance					opposition and the community	_	_
Total expenditures		980,268	634,225	346,043		_	_
Excess (deficiency) of revenues							
over expenditures	1,01	(980,268)	(634,225)	346,043		4,296	4,296
Other financing sources (uses):							
Operating transfers in		980,268	634,225	(346,043)	_	_	_
Operating transfers out		_	_		_	(4,296)	(4,296)
Proceeds of general obligations bonds	4			_	_	_	_
Total other financing sources (uses) Excess (deficiency) of revenues		980,268	634,225	(346,043)		(4,296)	(4,296)
and other financing sources							
over expenditures and other							
financing uses		_	_	_		_	-
Fund balances (deficit):							
Beginning of year					parameter terminal		s=
End of year	\$]	_					

	Park Construction	n		R & S Constructi	on	Total			
Revised		Variance – favorable	Revised		Variance – favorable	Revised		Variance -	
budget	Actual	(unfavorable)		A . 6 1				favorable	
budget	Actual	(uniavorable)	Budget	Actual	(unfavorable)	budget	Actual	(unfavorable)	
-	18,987	18,987	500,000	459,801	(40,199)	500,000	483,084	(16,916)	
60,000	_	(60,000)	_		_	60,000		(60,000)	
60,000	18,987	(41,013)	500,000	459,801	(40,199)	560,000	483,084	(76,916)	
			11.					(14,520)	
-			7,972,142	7,810,632	161,510	8,952,410	8,444,857	507,553	
1,648,444	1,287,144	361,300	-	_	_	1,648,444	1,287,144	361,300	
	-		50,000	59,975	(9,975)	50,000	59,975	(9,975)	
1,648,444	1,287,144	361,300	8,022,142	7,870,607	151,535	10,650,854	9,791,976	858,878	
(1,588,444)	(1,268,157)	320,287	(7,522,142)	(7,410,806)	111,336	(10,090,854)	(9,308,892)	781,962	
_	4,296	4,296	_	_	_	980,268	638,521	(341,747)	
-	_	-	_	_	_	_	(4,296)	(4,296)	
			14,924,000	15,125,000	201,000	14,924,000	15,125,000	201,000	
	4,296	4,296	14,924,000	15,125,000	201,000	15,904,268	15,759,225	(145,043)	
(1,588,444)	(1,263,861)	324,583	7,401,858	7,714,194	312,336	5,813,414	6,450,333	636,919	
_1,263,861	1,263,861		2,781,542	2,781,542		4,045,403	4,045,403	_	
(324,583)	_	324,583	10,183,400	10,495,736	312,336	9,858,817	10,495,736	636,919	



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Fiduciary Fund Types

Trust and agency funds are used to account for assets held by the City in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governmental units or other funds.

Expendable Trust Fund

This fund is used to account for collection and release of monies for future roadway improvements contemplated in a construction development within the City. Collection of monies ensure completion of projects and restoration of the surrounding area. An inspection by the City is necessary to release funds.

Agency Funds

<u>Miscellaneous Escrow Fund</u> – This fund is used to account for the collection and release of monies in connection with various permits issued for construction projects in which the contractor must comply with certain requirements. Collection of monies ensure completion of projects and restoration of the surrounding area. An inspection by the City is necessary to release funds.

<u>Bail Bond Fund</u> - This fund is used to account for monies received and held as bond deposits to ensure defendants' appearances in court.

Explorer's Fund - This fund is used to account for proceeds received in connection with a joint program sponsored by the City and the local explorer's post.

Combining Balance Sheet - Trust and Agency Funds

December 31, 1999

<u>Assets</u>	Expendable Trust	Agency	Total
Cash and cash equivalents Receivable – interest	\$ 98,049	1,331,989	1,430,038
Total assets	\$ 98,104	1,331,989	1,430,093
Liabilities and Fund Balance			
Liabilities:			
Accounts payable	99	6,783	6,882
Due to other funds	7,448	98	7,546
Deposits held in escrow		1,325,108	1,325,108
Total liabilities	7,547	1,331,989	1,339,536
Fund balance - reserved for street improvements	90,557		90,557
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$ 98,104	1,331,989	1,430,093

Combining Balance Sheet - Agency Funds

December 31, 1999

<u>Assets</u>	Miscellaneous Escrow	Bail Bond	Explorer's	Total
Cash and cash equivalents	\$1,244,872	80,334	6,783	1,331,989
<u>Liabilities</u>				
Accounts payable Due to other funds Deposits held in escrow Total liabilities	1,244,872 \$ 1,244,872	98 80,236 80,334	6,783 - - - 6,783	6,783 98 1,325,108 1,331,989

Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities - Agency Funds

Year ended December 31, 1999

Miscellaneous Escrow	Balance, January 1, 1999	Additions	Deductions	Balance, December 31, 1999
Assets – cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,022,861	542,831	320,820	1,244,872
Liabilities - deposits held in escrow	\$1,022,861_	573,522	351,511	1,244,872
Bail Bond				
Assets - cash and cash equivalents	\$ 67,825	27,926	15,417	80,334
Liabilities:				
Due to other funds	228	98	228	98
Deposits held in escrow	67,597	28,154	15,515	80,236
Total liabilities	\$ 67,825	28,252	15,743	80,334
Explorer's				
Assets – cash and cash equivalents	\$2,987	3,869	73	6,783
Liabilities – accounts payable	\$	3,869	73	6,783
Total – all agency funds				
Assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$1,093,673	574,626	336,310	1,331,989
Liabilities:				
Accounts payable	2,987	3,869	73	6,783
Due to other funds	228	98	228	98
Deposits held in escrow	1,090,458	601,676	_367,026_	1,325,108
Total liabilities	\$1,093,673	605,643	367,327	1,331,989



Statistical Section

General Governmental Expenditures By Function

Last Ten Fiscal Years

	<u>1990</u>	<u>1991</u>	<u>1992</u> (1)	<u>1993</u>	1994	<u>1995</u>	<u>1996</u> (2)	<u>1997</u> (3)	<u>1998</u> (4)	1000(5)
Legislative	\$ 90,887	123,223	124,921	71,863	63,386					<u>1999</u> (5)
Administrative	757,809	780,102	894,000	939,007	•	70,078	68,826	70,157	70,507	69,632
Police services	2,594,516	2,867,205	,		1,160,205	1,489,115	1,684,613	1,947,219	1,949,709	2,010,632
Judicial	77,397		3,003,391	3,265,910	3,262,201	3,760,415	4,155,693	4,326,367	4,800,224	5,183,018
Planning and zoning	,	93,393	95,146	97,390	114,222	132,015	166,340	169,848	155,715	169,123
2 2	219,458	237,888	272,069	289,688	357,242	367,673	327,904	390,307	395,984	511,233
Public works	1,787,000	2,032,890	2,100,466	2,884,227	2,842,277	2,933,474	2,493,202	2,625,200	2,885,030	3,139,371
Parks and recreation	-	_	16,750	48,336	23,218	62,053	138,283	196,713	534,487	
Capital outlay	1,015,210	842,555	1,220,149	1,605,932	2,905,064	4,140,729	9,241,840	18,363,647	•	708,644
Debt service	_308,882	210,479	81,690	134,425	_,,,,,,,,,,	499,815	1,262,643	, ,	15,757,867	36,150,760
Total	\$ 6,851,159	7,187,735	7,808,582	9,336,778	10,727,815	The state of the s		1,875,086	4,124,939	_3,559,125
			110001002	2,2,0,110	10,141,013	13,455,367	<u>19,539,344</u>	29,964,544	<u>30,674,462</u>	51,501,538

Notes:

- (1) The City annexed an area encompassing 1.6 square miles to the east on May 15, 1992.
- (2) The City used proceeds from a 1995 general obligation parks bond issue for the acquisition of land and 1995 certificates of participation to construct a Public Works Facility in 1996.
- (3) The City used proceeds from a 1997 general obligation bond issue for the reconstruction of streets and sidewalks.
- (4) The City began paying principal on 1997 general obligation bond issue for the reconstruction of streets and sidewalks in 1998.
- (5) The City issued \$24,690,000 in Tax Increment Financing Notes for the construction of infrastructure in 1999.

Source: General purpose financial statements, all governmental fund types - primary government only.

General Governmental Revenues By Source

Last Ten Fiscal Years

	<u>1990</u>	<u>1991</u>	<u>1992</u> (3)	<u>1993</u>	<u>1994</u>	<u>1995</u>	<u>1996</u>	<u>1997</u>	<u>1998</u> (8)	<u>1999</u>
Municipal taxes (1)(2)(5)(6)(7)	\$ 4,700,19	9 5,336,033	5,913,742	6,565,107	7,060,339	9,314,116	9,994,622	12,472,104	16,074,702	15,787,580
Intergovernmental (1)(4)	1,586,30	8 1,712,868	2,122,090	3,212,468	2,997,512	2,962,059	3,408,192	3,337,035	3,187,651	3,380,950
Licenses and permits	377,26	4 454,006	496,853	544,796	547,770	597,177	611,892	663,124	705,325	769,220
Charges for services	87,69	3 78,850	122,455	95,338	135,003	153,651	142,508	209,030	384,594	389,133
Court fines and fees	320,90	6 345,210	372,818	287,591	377,377	516,212	521,039	409,817	479,621	690,546
Investment income	87,25	,	86,701	134,561	233,697	1,092,832	1,286,497	1,571,740	1,223,161	1,165,676
Miscellaneous	29,29		39,389	179,565	48,615	38,231	72,742	55,507	137,673	175,165
Total	\$ <u>7,188,91</u>	<u>8.027,622</u>	9,154,048	11,019,426	11,400,313	14,674,278	16,037,492	18,718,357	22,192,727	22,358,270

Notes:

- (1) Sales tax, motor fuel tax, motor vehicle sales tax, and cigarette tax distributions were adjusted in September of 1991 as a result of the 1990 census.
- (2) Deferred revenues of approximately \$181,000 were recognized as revenues in 1991. These revenues were previously deferred by the City as a result of a dispute with another governmental entity. This matter was resolved in 1991.
- (3) The City annexed an area encompassing 1.6 square miles to the east on May 15, 1992.
- (4) The City received a federal emergency management assistance grant in the amount of \$935,287 in 1993.
- (5) Upon the successful outcome of litigation in 1995, the City recognized \$213,182 in deferred sales tax revenues from prior years and began recognizing new sales revenue under a county-wide sales tax redistribution formula.
- (6) The City adopted a property tax of \$.13 per \$100 of assessed valuation in 1995 and also received property tax revenue due to incremental growth in assessed valuation from the Chesterfield Valley TIF District.
- (7) The City passed a ½ cent capital improvements sales tax in November 1996 and began receiving the tax in April 1997.
- (8) The City recognized \$1,426,410 in local use tax in 1998 which had been previously held in deferred revenue pending the settlement of litigation.

Source: General purpose financial statements, all governmental fund types - primary government only.

5/

Municipal Tax Revenue By Source

Last Ten Fiscal Years

	<u>1990</u>	<u>1991</u>	<u>1992</u> (3)	<u>1993</u>	<u>1994</u>	<u>1995</u>	<u>1996</u>	<u>1997</u>	<u>1998</u> (6)	<u>1999</u>
Property tax (4)	\$ -	_	-		-	1,325,557	1,560,636	1,848,504	2,078,155	2,949,830
Utility gross receipts tax	2,525,039	2,712,063	2,822,781	3,187,143	3,323,852	3,359,052	3,667,368	3,799,169	3,868,894	3,999,872
Sales/use $tax(1)(2)(3)(5)$	2,175,160	2,623,970	3,090,961	3,377,964	3,736,487	4,629,507	4,766,618	6,824,431	10,127,653	8,837,878
Total	\$ 4,700,199	5,336,033	<u>5,913,742</u>	6,565,107	7,060,339	9,314,116	9,994,622	12,472,104	16,074,702	15,787,580

Notes:

- (1) Sales tax distribution was adjusted in September of 1991 as a result of the 1990 census.
- (2) The City annexed an area encompassing 1.6 square miles to the east on May 15, 1992.
- (3) Upon the successful outcome of litigation in 1995, the City recognized \$213,182 in deferred sales tax revenue from prior years and began recognizing new sales tax revenue under a county-wide sales tax redistribution formula.
- (4) The City adopted a property tax of \$.13 per \$100 of assessed valuation in 1995 and also received property tax revenue due to incremental growth in assessed valuation from the Chesterfield Valley TIF District.
- (5) The City passed a ½ cent capital improvements sales tax in November 1996 and began receiving the tax in April 1997.
- (6) The City recognized \$1,426,410 in local use tax in 1998 which had been previously held in deferred revenue pending the settlement of litigation.

Source: General purpose financial statements, all governmental fund types - primary government only.

Intergovernmental Revenues By Source

Last Ten Fiscal Years

		<u>1990</u>	<u>1991</u>	<u>1992</u> (2)	<u>1993</u>	<u>1994</u>	<u>1995</u>	<u>1996</u>	<u>1997</u>	<u>1998</u>	1999
	Motor fuel tax (1) Motor vehicle sales tax (1) Cigarette tax (1) Road and bridge tax Police block grant	\$ 462,678 225,452 138,355 688,545	534,521 256,353 155,793 715,794	741,287 326,913 182,302 818,552	826,395 375,450 189,967 797,475	952,879 418,102 187,795 793,127	1,004,142 429,913 196,817 858,907	1,107,221 442,558 198,837 879,913	1,176,692 464,671 190,960 922,582	1,188,472 491,682 190,713 998,344	1,211,357 528,059 186,783 1,064,557 9,782
	Police traffic service grant Federal emergency management	70,063	50,407	37,080	15,042	-	3,557	1,771	_	6,956	2,153
	assistance grant	-	_ •	-	935,287	119,240	53,404	106	_	_	
	COPS grant – Federal COPS grant – Parkway	_	_	_	· <u> </u>	_	18,667 4,763	72,668 28,555	94,166	87,949	156,467
59	Police academy grant	-	-	_	21,370	_	45,118	47,697	41,593 46,221	49,838 51,027	77,206 55,388
	Federal aid urban grant St. Louis County Bonhomme		-	-	****	87,403	14,618			-	_
	Creek reimbursement Community Development	_	-	-	46,845	140,485	6,038	-	8,503	45,492	33,187
	Block Grant	_	_	_	-	252,049	249,951	_	33,000		-
	EDA Grant Solid Waste Grant	-	_	_	_	_	_	495,028	186,872	_	_
	NCAP Grant	_	_	-			-	66,055	72,838	15,367	4,995
	Branch Out Missouri	_	_	_	_	_	_	14,381	36,624	31,712	40,700
	Grants other	1,215	_	15,956	4,637	46,432	76,164	53,402	24,562 37,751	30,099	6,503 3,813
	Total	\$ 1,586,308	1,712,868	2,122,090	3,212,468	2,997,512	2,962,059	3,408,192	3,337,035	3,187,651	$\frac{3,813}{3,380,950}$

Notes:

- (1) Revenue distributions were adjusted in September of 1991 as a result of the 1990 census.
- (2) The City annexed an area encompassing 1.6 square miles to the east on May 15, 1992.

Source: General purpose financial statements, all governmental fund types - primary government only.

Licenses and Permits

Last Ten Fiscal Years

		<u>1990</u>	<u>1991</u>	<u>1992</u> (3)	<u>1993</u>	1994	<u>1995</u>	<u>1996</u>	<u>1997</u>	1998	<u>1999</u>
	Business licenses (1)	\$ 210,793	250,085	256,852	270,312	253,620	292,331	288,446	327,774	309,966	349,336
	Liquor licenses	14,528	20,161	28,620	29,277	33,393	30,145	36,592	31,989	40,189	37,994
	Vending licenses	9,350	9,056	10,287	14,643	21,409	23,775	19,488	19,075	22,858	19,684
	Cable television franchise (2)	134,206	163,329	186,217	212,939	219,183	236,429	251,427	273,874	322,038	347,502
60	Miscellaneous Total	\$ $\frac{8,387}{377,264}$	11,375 454,006	14,877 496,853	17,625 544,796	_20,165 547,770	<u>14,497</u> 597,177	15,939 611,892	10,412 663,124	10,274 705,325	14,704 769,220

Notes:

- (1) On June 5, 1990, voters approved a revised business license fee structure for the City.
- (2) The City increased the license tax on cable television franchises from 3% to 5% on February 20, 1995.
- (3) The City annexed an area encompassing 1.6 square miles to the east on May 15, 1992.

Source: General purpose financial statements, all governmental fund types - primary government only.

Charges for Services

Last Ten Fiscal Years

		<u>1990</u>	<u>1991</u>	<u>1992</u> (1)	<u>1993</u>	<u>1994</u>	<u>1995</u>	<u>1996</u>	<u>1997</u>	1998	<u>1999</u>
	Engineering inspection fees	\$ 29,410	30,160	66,241	34,951	61,569	57,936	57,452	107,887	83,694	90,078
	Subdivision processing fees	4,423	7,765	7,355	11,495	9,078	6,486	6,651	9,608	11,092	30,769
	Zoning applications	10,645	6,343	13,989	13,399	15,313	18,882	12,874	11,363	10,842	19,477
	Police reports	12,306	10,577	12,478	14,358	15,201	14,985	15,685	17,047	17,755	19,864
	False alarms	28,994	21,619	16,950	16,925	28,450	42,528	33,444	38,600	38,000	41,250
<u> </u>	Other charges Total	1,915 \$ 87,693	2,386 78,850	<u>5,442</u> 	4,210 95,338	5,392 135,003	12,834 153,651	16,402 142,508	24,525 209,030	223,211 384,594	187,695 389,133

Note:

Source: General purpose financial statements, all governmental fund types – primary government only.

⁽¹⁾ The City annexed an area encompassing 1.6 square miles to the east on May 15, 1992.

Assessed and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property (1)(2)(3)

Last Ten Fiscal Years

			Railroad	Tot	als
	Real property	Personal property	and utilities	Assessed value	Estimated actual value
1990	518,041,910	137,789,071	14,906,377	670,737,358	2,834,312,386
1991	546,048,970	144,354,921	14,813,513	705,217,404	2,975,197,738
1992 (4)	611,766,200	156,066,333	14,953,292	782,785,825	3,297,885,746
1993	623,355,670	146,917,716	14,480,699	784,754,085	3,346,767,746
1994 (5)	614,067,940	121,996,684	15,085,563	751,150,187	3,301,191,816
1995	655,300,640	141,510,637	14,635,156	811,446,433	3,619,761,616
1996	676,795,720	160,550,273	16,131,252	853,477,245	3,775,913,753
1997	737,719,530	171,773,003	14,471,771	923,964,304	4,103,912,637
1998	761,919,280	181,319,540	14,492,392	957,731,212	4,247,538,403
1999	839,087,390	193,552,326	14,430,676	1,047,070,392	4,613,115,168

Notes:

- (1) Assessments are determined by the Assessor of St. Louis County. Property is assessed as of January 1.
- (2) Assessments are based on a percentage of estimated actual values. Real property is classified as residential, agricultural, or commercial. Residential property is assessed at 19%, agricultural is assessed at 12%, and commercial is assessed at 32%. All railroad and utility property is assessed at 32%. All personal property is assessed at 33-13%. Real property is reassessed biannually in odd-numbered years.
- (3) The City was incorporated on June 1, 1988. No property tax was levied by the City until 1995 when the voters approved an \$11 million general obligation bond issue for parks. The entire levy funds debt service.
- (4) The City annexed an area encompassing 1.6 square miles to the east on May 15, 1992.
- (5) Value decreased due to 1993 flood in Chesterfield Valley.

Source: St. Louis County Assessor.

Property Tax Rates – Direct and Overlapping Governments (Per \$100 of Assessed Value)

Last Ten Fiscal Years

		<u>1990</u>	<u>1991</u>	<u>1992</u>	<u>1993</u>	<u>1994</u>	<u>1995</u>	<u>1996</u>	1997	<u>1998</u>	<u>1999</u>
	Taxes levied on all property in the City										
	of Chesterfield:										
	City of Chesterfield (1)	\$ 		_	_		.130	.130	.130	.130	.130
	State of Missouri	.030	.030	.030	.030	.030	.030	.030	.030	.030	.030
	St. Louis County	.580	.580	.580	.580	.580	.580	.580	.580	.580	.580
	Special School District	.540	.530	.610	.620	.630	.620	.630	.620	.640	.620
	St. Louis Community College	.190	.190	.220	.220	.240	.240	.240	.240	.240	.240
	St. Louis County Library	.100	.110	.125	.130	.130	.140	.140	.140	.140	.140
	Metropolitan St. Louis Sewer District	.020	.020	.020	.020	.020	.020	.020	.020	.020	.020
$\tilde{\Sigma}$	Metropolitan Zoological Park and										
	Museum District	.198	.198	.214	.220	.224	.228	.232	.232	.232	.227
	Sheltered Workshop	085	085	085	085	<u>085</u>	085	085	085	085	085
	Totals	\$ 1.743	<u>1.743</u>	<u>1.884</u>	<u>1.905</u>	<u>1.939</u>	2.043	2.087	2.077	2.097	2.072
	School Districts (2):										
	Parkway	\$ 3.13	3.09	3.35	3.43	3.44	3.44	3.73	3.64	3.66	3.59
	Rockwood	<u>3.75</u>	<u>3.69</u>	<u>3.92</u>	<u>3.94</u>	<u>4.53</u>	<u>4.54</u>	<u>4.54</u>	<u>4.49</u>	4.52	<u>4.48</u>
	Fire Protection Districts (3):										
	Metro West	\$.68	.64	.77	.77	.95	1.03	1.04	1.03	1.03	1.03
	Chesterfield	<u>83</u>	82	<u>86</u>	88	92	1.06	1.00	1.03	1.04	1.03 1.02
										<u> </u>	1102

Notes:

- (1) The City was incorporated on June 1, 1988. No property tax was levied by the City until 1995 when the voters approved an \$11 million general obligation bond issue for parks. The entire levy funds debt service.
- (2) All property is located in one of the two school districts whose boundaries include part of the City.
- (3) All property is located in one of the two fire protection districts whose boundaries include part of the City.

Source: St. Louis County Collector.

Property Tax Levies and Collections

Last Five Fiscal Years (1)

(Dollars expressed in thousands)

Fiscal year	Total tax <u>levy</u>	Current tax collections	Percent of current taxes collected	Delinquent tax collections	Total tax	Ratio of total tax collections to total tax levy	Outstanding delinquent taxes	Ratio of delinquent taxes to total tax levy
1995	\$ 1,402	\$ 1,326	94.6%	\$ -	\$ 1,326	94.6%	\$ 76	5.4%
1996	\$ 1,585	\$ 1,498	94.5%	\$ 63	\$ 1,561	98.4%	\$ 100	6.3%
1997	\$ 1,891	\$ 1,769	93.5%	\$ 79	\$ 1,848	97.7%	\$ 143	7.6%
1998	\$ 2,172	\$ 1,937	89.2%	\$ 141	\$ 2,078	95.7%	\$ 237	10.9%
1999	\$ 3,285	\$ 2,806	85.4%	\$ 144	\$ 2,950	89.8%	\$ 572	17.4%

Note:

^{(1) 1995} was the first year that the City of Chesterfield had a property tax levy.

Legal Debt Margin

December 31, 1999

Assessed value of the City of Chesterfield for 1999	\$ 1,047,070,392
Limit of bonded indebtedness at 10% of assessed value	\$ 104,707,039
Total bonded debt Less amount available in debt service fund for bonded debt Bonded debt applicable to debt limit	36,405,000 (1,472,911) 34,932,089
Legal debt margin	\$ 69,774,950

Note: Bonded indebtedness is limited by Sections 95.115 and 95.120 of the Missouri Revised Statutes (1986) to 10% of the assessed value of taxable tangible property.

Ratio of Annual Debt Service Expenditures for General Bonded Debt to Total General Governmental Expenditures

Last Five Fiscal Years (1)

<u>Year</u>	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	Total debt <u>service</u>	Total general governmental expenditures	Ratio of debt service to general governmental expenditures
1995(1)	\$ -	346,923	346,923	13,455,367	2.6%
1996	265,000	683,037	948,037	19,539,344	4.9%
1997(2)	285,000	1,035,169	1,320,169	29,964,544	4.4%
1998(3)	1,630,000	1,167,451	2,797,451	30,674,462	9.1%
1999(4)	1,845,000	1,117,876	2,962,876	51,501,538	5.8%

Notes:

- (1) 1995 was the first year that the City had general bonded indebtedness.
- (2) The City issued \$14,230,000 in additional general bonded indebtedness in 1997.
- (3) The City did an advance refunding of the general obligation debt for parks in 1998.
- (4) The City issued \$15,125,000 in additional general bonded indebtedness in 1999.

Source: General purpose financial statements, all governmental fund types – primary government only.

Ratio of Net General Bonded Debt to Assessed Value and Net Bonded Debt Per Capita

Last Five Fiscal Years (1)

<u>Year</u>	Population	Assessed value	Bonded <u>debt</u>	Amount available in debt service <u>fund</u>	Net bonded <u>debt</u>	Ratio of net bonded debt to assessed value	Net bonded debt per <u>capita</u>
1995(1)	42,325 (2)	\$ 811,446,433	11,000,000	998,144	10,001,858	1.2%	\$ 236
1996	42,325	853,477,245	10,735,000	1,134,895	9,600,105	1.1%	227
1997(3)	42,325	923,964,304	24,680,000	1,490,337	23,189,663	2.5%	548
1998(4)	42,325	957,731,212	23,125,000	1,071,663	22,053,337	2.3%	521
1999(5)	42,325	1,047,070,392	36,405,000	1,472,911	34,932,089	3.3%	825

Notes:

- (1) 1995 was the first year that the City had general bonded indebtedness.
- (2) Population data is estimated using the 1992 U.S. Census Bureau data for the area.
- (3) The City issued \$14,230,000 in additional general bonded indebtedness in 1997.
- (4) The City did an advance refunding of the general obligation debt for parks in 1998.
- (5) The City issued \$15,125,000 in additional general bonded indebtedness in 1999.

Computation of Direct and Overlapping Debt

December 31, 1999

		General obligation debt	Percent appli- cable to the City of Chesterfield	Amount appli- cable to the City of Chesterfield
City of Chesterfield St. Louis County Parkway School District (1) Rockwood School District (1) Chesterfield Fire Protection District (1) Metropolitan Sewer District Total	\$ \$	239,165,000 66,990,390 127,003,600 3,000,000 7,550,000	100.00% 6.44 24.23 14.09 72.43 	\$ 36,405,000 15,402,226 16,231,772 17,894,807 2,172,900 1,045,675 \$ 89,152,380
Total debt per capita (2)	*			\$ <u>2,106.38</u>

Notes:

- (1) Only portions of the school and fire districts are located within the City boundaries. The applicable amounts refer to that portion of the district that is contained within the City's boundary. Therefore, the applicable amounts refer to portions of the City's taxpayers.
- (2) Based upon a population of 42,325.

Source: The above-named jurisdictions, St. Louis County Real Estate Assessment Rolls, and St. Louis County report of Assessed Valuation.

Building Permits and Construction (1)

Last Ten Fiscal Years

New construction:	<u>1990</u>	<u>1991</u>	<u>1992</u> (2)	<u>1993</u>	<u>1994</u>	<u>1995</u>	<u>1996</u>	<u>1997</u>	<u>1998</u>	1999
Number of permits Value of construction	131	132	447	635	917	619	712	652	846	836
	\$ <u>22,070,752</u>	19,627,440	<u>46,626,596</u>	<u>47,502,993</u>	<u>71,912,425</u>	<u>40,005,131</u>	<u>49,994,194</u>	<u>47,738,060</u>	69,442,017	74,393,060
Alterations/additions: Number of permits Value of construction	1,507	1,035	1,435	2,245	2,022	2,164	2,051	2,113	2,799	2,977
	\$ <u>17,253,024</u>	<u>8,827,772</u>	<u>17,293,610</u>	20,432,811	36,683,188	22,043,850	23,902,052	28,004,804	59,924,899	<u>83,798,766</u>
Building demolitions: Number of permits										

Notes:

- (1) The City has not established a building commissioner's office within the organization. St. Louis County currently provides building inspection services. Information regarding 1988 permits is unavailable. The City was incorporated on June 1, 1988.
- (2) The City annexed an area encompassing 1.6 square miles to the east on May 15, 1992.

Source: Planning Department, City of Chesterfield, Missouri.

Bank Deposits

Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Amount (1)
1990	\$ 456,590,000
1991	504,334,156
1992 (2)	641,865,343
1993	625,192,796
1994	608,355,913
1995	610,500,754
1996	638,068,841
1997	699,574,519
1998 (3)	798,460,557
1999 (4)	630,799,785

Notes:

- (1) Represents deposits of the 13 bank facilities located in the City of Chesterfield.
- (2) The City annexed an area encompassing 1.6 square miles to the east on May 15, 1992.
- (3) Roosevelt Bank and Mark Twain Parkway Banks were bought out by Mercantile Bank and the branch banks in Chesterfield were closed in 1998.
- (4) Several banks were taken over by other banks in 1999. NationsBank was bought out by Bank of America, Mercantile Bank by Firstar, and Magna by Union Planters.

Source: Bank of America N.A. – Chesterfield Center, and Bank of America N.A. – Baxter Branch, Bremen Bank and Trust, Cass Bank and Trust, Commerce Bank of St. Louis, N.A., First Bank – Clarkson, First Bank – First Missouri Center, First National Bank of St. Louis, Firstar Bank of St. Louis N.A. – Clarkson Square, Firstar Bank of St. Louis N.A. – Hilltown Village, FirstServ, Inc., Founders Bank, and Union Planters.

Table 16

Schedule of Insurance in Force

December 31, 1999

Type of coverage/ insurance carrier	Policy number	Policy period	<u>Deductible</u>	Liability <u>limits</u>	Annual premium
General Liability Police Liability Automobile Liability/ St. Louis Area Insurance Trust (SLAIT)	GL 0021-99 PL0021-99 AL 0021-99	7/1/99- 7/1/00	\$ 500 2,500 500	\$ 1,000,000	\$ 78,938
Property/Inland Marine/St. Paul Mercury	GP08000158	7/1/99- 7/1/00	1,000	8,336,000	52,134
Public Officials Liability/National Union	858—10-06	3/1/99- 7/1/00	5,000	1,000,000	10,653
Worker's Compensa- tion/St. Louis Insurance Trust (SLAIT)	2000-04	7/1/99- 7/1/00	N/A	Per Missouri Law	177,010
Public Official Bond/ Kemper	3SM 726 028	9/1/99- 9/1/00	N/A	100,000	238
Public Employees Blanket Bond/Kemper	3FM 726 239	1/23/99- 1/23/00	500	100,000	353
Flood Insurance Police Department (Contents Only)/Travelers	6002036355	5/21/98- 5/21/01	500	289,400	1,244
Flood Insurance - Public Works (Building & Contents)/Travelers	6002791736	11/6/99- 11/6/00	500	1,000,000	2,482
Fiduciary Bond/The Travelers/Aetna	051 FF 103003485	11/3/99- 11/3/00	-	1,000,000	1,660
Underground Storage Tanks/MO UST	0009914	2/24/99- 2/24/00	10,000	1,000,000	200

Source: City's insurance policies.

Salaries and Surety Bonds of Principal Officials

December 31, 1999

Name and title of official	Annual <u>salary</u>	Amount surety bond
Michael G. Herring, City Administrator	\$ 100,000	(1)
Jan Hawn, Director of Finance and Administration	78,382	100,000
Marty DeMay, City Clerk	50,168	(1)
Ray Johnson, Police Chief	81,843	(1)
Teresa Price, Director of Planning	68,252	(1)
Mike Geisel, Director of Public Works/City Engineer	<u>78,162</u>	(1)

Note:

⁽¹⁾ Blanket surety coverage of \$100,000.

Miscellaneous Statistical Data

December 31, 1999

Date of incorporation as a third class city	June 1, 1988
Form of government	Mayor/Council/City Administrator
Area	32 square miles
Miles of streets (City maintained)	150
Miles of sidewalks (City maintained)	100
Number of street lights (City provided) (1)	10
Police protection: Number of full-time employees Commissioned officers Other full-time employees Police Station	91 82 9
Total employees, full-time	167
Fire protection: The City's coverage is provided by two districts: Metro West Protection District Chesterfield Fire Protection District	,

Chesterfield Fire Protection District

The City is served by the Parkway and Rockwood School Districts.

The City's electric is supplied by Union Electric; natural gas is supplied by Laclede Gas; water is supplied by St. Louis County Water Company; sewer service is provided by Metropolitan St. Louis Sewer District. All four of these companies are publicly held utilities.

The library serving the City of Chesterfield is the Daniel Boone and the Thornhill branches of the St. Louis County Library System.

Population (2):	1988 1990 1992	34,486 37,990 42,325
Number of households (2)	1988 Single Family Multi-Family	9,105 3,049
	1990 Single Family Multi-Family	10,541 3,246
Per capita income:	1992 Single Family Multi-Family	11,821(4) 3,848(4)
Median Family Income	1986 1990	\$ 61,800 75,237
Per Capita Family Income	1979 1987 1990	\$ 12,686 21,912 28,019
Number of registered voters	1998	29,822

(Continued)

Miscellaneous Statistical Data, Continued

Principal taxpayers

<u>Taxpayer</u>	Type of Business	Assessed Valuation	Total Assessed Valuation
Monsanto Company JG St. Louis West Limited Liability Co. Gal. Union Electric Company Realty Associates St. Lukes Episcopalian Presbyterian Hospital Dierberg's Caplaco Inc. Wild Horse Joint Venture May Department Stores Dillard Department Stores	Research/development Chesterfield Mall Private utility company Real estate venture Hospital Grocery store Real estate venture Apartment project Department store Department store	\$ 28,385,360 16,680,130 11,529,336 9,984,060 7,369,370 6,918,800 6,442,390 5,913,690 5,204,900 4,784,080	2.7% 1.6 1.1 1.0 0.7 0.7 0.6 0.6 0.5 0.5

Major employers within the City of Chesterfield:

Company

Type of Business

1. Monsanto Company	Research Company
McBride & Son Management Co	D. Homebuilder/Developer/Contractor
WorldCom Network Services, In	
4. Mark Andy Inc.	Printing Press Manufacturer
Mallinckrodt Specialty Chemical	ls Administrative Office
6. Reliv	Manufacturer/Distributor
7. Mohela	Student Loan Services
8. Jet Corp	Aircraft Charter & Maintenance
Doubletree Hotel	Hotel
10. Rose International	Research and Software Development

Utility Customers:

Year	Electric <u>Meters(A)</u>	Gas <u>Meters(B)</u>	Water Meters(C)	Telephones (D)
1000	15.006			
1990	15,386	11,377	10,475	16,213
1991	15,602	11,499	10,490	17,229
1992(3)	18,289	13,594	11,797	18,166
1993	18,356	13,554	11,937	18,711
1994	19,048	14,328	12,672	19,855
1995	19,076	14,450	12,789	21,263
1996	19,274	14,608	13,031	23,277
1997	19,789	15,231	13,330	23,564
1998	19,860	15,502	13,317	35,500
1999	20,602	15,770	13,981	38,559

- Source: (A) Union Electric Company
 - (B) Laclede Gas Company
 - (C) St. Louis County Water Company
 - (D) Southwestern Bell Telephone Company

Notes:

- The City currently provides street lights at selected intersections within the City of Chesterfield. Street lights are (1) primarily provided and maintained by private subdivisions.
- Population data is estimated for the area using the U.S. Census Bureau data for the area. (2)
- The City annexed an area encompassing 1.6 square miles to the east on May 15, 1992.

Source: The City's Public Works Department, Planning and Zoning Department, Finance and Administration Department, Police Department, U.S. Census Bureau, St. Louis County Department of Revenue, Board of Election Commissioners of St. Louis County, St. Louis County Fact Book and Development Strategies.

